OPERATION MANUAL 9VX3

IHI

SERIAL NUMBER WB004001 ~

PUB.1

1105 ENG

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FOREWORD

INTRODUCTION

This manual contains the safety, operation, maintenance and adjustment procedures of this machine.

Read it and have good understanding before using the machine.

Contact our dealer immediately if you lose or damage this manual.

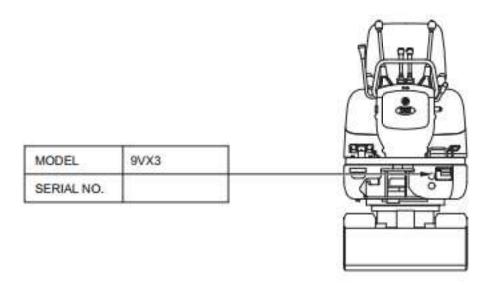
See the "Operation Manual of the Engine" for the engine.

If you hand over this machine to any third party, this manual should also be handed over to it.

The specifications of the machine may be improved and differ from descriptions of this manual. Please contact our dealer if you have some problems or questions.

MACHINE NUMBER

The machine No. and engine No. are marked at the positions shown below.

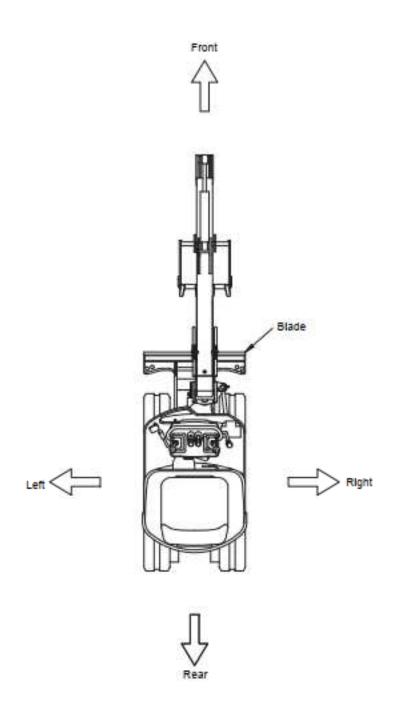


HB-C010010

MODEL	2TNV70-PIK		
ENGINE NO.			
8		A TOTAL	
		4950	7
		VIII 100 6	
			产

MACHINE DIRECTION

The front, rear, right and left directions of the machine are determined based on the orientation when the driver is seated on the operator seat with the blade frontward, as shown below.



WB-C010030

FOREWORD

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SAFETY

Most accidents occur during works when preventive measures against danger are neglected or basic safety instructions are not observed.

Such accidents may be avoided by paying careful attention in advance.

This manual describes the basic safety instructions to be observed in daily operation, inspection and maintenance of the machine.

Observe these instructions carefully for safety.

Check the safety with great care for any other matters not described in this manual.

SAFETY INFORMATION

Read and understand the operation manual, safety signs and labels before using or maintaining this machine.

The safety alert symbol is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

The signal words used with the safety alert symbol indicate a specific level of severity of the potential hazard. All are used as attention-getting devices throughout this manual as well as on labels fixed to the machine to assist in potential hazard recognition and prevention.



This safety alert symbol and signal word indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



This safety alert symbol and signal word indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



This safety alert symbol and signal word indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury or serious damages of the machine.

NOTICE

This signal word indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in damages of the machine or reduction of the service life.

We have made every effort for you to prevent accidents during operation; however, we cannot be held responsible for predicting every kind of danger in all operating conditions.

It is the owner or user of the machine who is responsible for always paying attention to operate the machine, as well as reading and understanding this manual enough to obtain the essential knowledge and skills fundamental to correct machine operation.

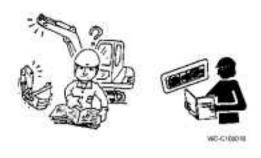
9VX3 ENG 1-1

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS BEFORE OPERATION

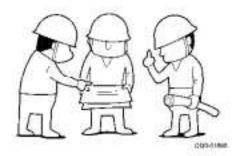
Read and understand the safety signs and labels

- There are several specific safety signs on your machine.
 - Please read and understand the safety signs and labels.
- You must replace a label if it is damaged, missing or cannot be read.



Make a work plan

Start the work only after discussing with the person in charge at the site.



Wear proper working clothes

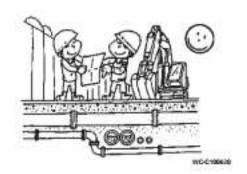
For the sake of safety during working, wear clothes that match your body.

Always wear required protective items such as protective cap, protective goggles, reflective clothing, safety shoes, and ear protection as required.



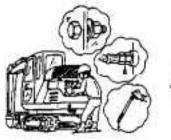
Watch for underground utilities

Mark the location of underground utilities such as gas lines, sewers, and power lines before any digging operations. If necessary, the utilities should be temporarily discontinued.



Perform "walk-around" inspection

Be sure to walk around the machine and inspect it before starting work. If some defects are found, repair them without fail.





WG-C189099

Prevent a fire

- Do not leave oiled waste cloth, dead leaves, paper trash or other flammable objects around the engine.
 Such matters may cause a fire. Always inspect and remove such matters.
- Stop the engine and do not bring fire close to it while refilling fuel.
- Check if fuel, oil or hydraulic oil does not leak. If some defects are found, repair them and wipe off leaked oil.
- Check the installation position and usage of the fire extinguisher.



We recommend that the ROPS canopy should be installed to avoid accidents, which may result in injury, if a machine with a canopy should fall down.



Always use steps and handholds to mount and dismount the machine.

Hold the handholds with both hands and face the machine keeping a contact with at least three points of the steps and handrails.

Never hold control levers at mounting and dismounting.

Start the engine in the operator's seat

If the engine is started from a position other than sitting in the operator's seat, there is the danger that the machine starts moving suddenly.

Start the engine only after carrying out checks while sitting in the operator's seat.



CACHENE



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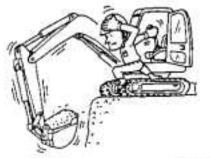


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PRECAUTIONS DURING OPERATION

Stay seated while operating

Never attempt to operate the excavator from any position except the operator's seat. If you operate the machine from any other position, such as standing by the window or door, you may operate the machine inaccurately, which can cause serious injury. Remember that you should not get on or off the moving machine to be seated or to leave the machine.



WID-C109186

Fasten the seat belt

If the machine falls down, you may be thrown out of the operator's seat or pressed under the machine. Such an accident may result in serious injury or death.

Sit on the operator's seat and fasten the seat belt all the time while operating the machine.



Clear all personnel from the machine and area

Be sure to barricade the job site to prevent entry of the unauthorized. Confirm that there is no one around the machine before starting the engine or operating the machine.



Prevent accidents while moving

Always sound the horn to signal others nearby that you are moving the machine. Check that no one is within the working area of the machine before attempting to move it.



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Never swing over personnel

Be sure that no personnel are working around the machine before swinging.

Pay attention to invisible workers in a trench or pit in particular. Follow the signal person's direction not to swing over such workers.



Never leave load suspended in the air

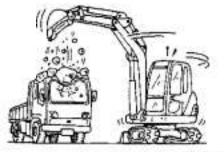
Never leave the load suspended in mid air, when the machine is out of service, or you have to leave the machine. Always put down the bucket of load onto the ground. Should a malfunction occur, it could fall, striking equipment or personnel.



Do not swing above the truck cab

If you swing the bucket above the truck cab, the driver may be injured by dropped soil and sand or the bucket contacting the truck cab.

Do not swing the bucket above the truck cab when loading soil and sand.

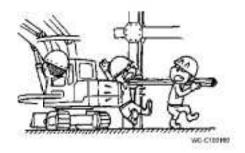


WC-C/D/199

Provide adequate tailswing clearance

Confirm that there is a sufficient clearance around the machine for swinging operation.

The operator tends to be unconscious of the area behind the machine. Before tailswing, make sure that there are no personnel or objects in such area.



Always observe the bucket and load

Always watch the moving bucket or load carefully.

Moving bucket or load without care may cause injury to personnel or materials.

If you have to look away from it, stop the machine.



Never allow unauthorized personnel to ride on the machine

Only operator is authorized to be on the machine during operation. Never let unauthorized personnel ride on the machine. Any person riding as a passenger can fall off and suffer injury.



If the machine should contact with an electric power line, move the machine apart from the cable.

If it is impossible to move the machine, shout "Never touch the shovel" to give a warning to the workers around the machine.

Do not put on the step when you get off the shovel. Jump down onto the ground.



Diesel engine exhaust contains products of combustion which may be harmful to your health. Always start and operate the engine in a well ventilated area. If in an enclosed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.

Do not dig near the machine

Do not dig the ground deep near the machine to prevent falling due to collapse of the ground.

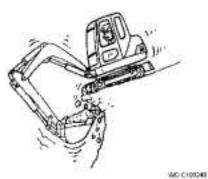
Do not dig at the base of a cliff

If you dig at the base of a cliff, it may collapse or stones may drop, causing a danger. Do not dig a cliff.











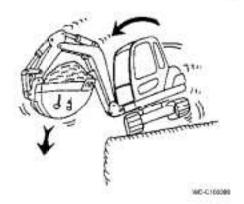
WG-0198298

SAFETY

Never exceed the machine performance

If you use a large bucket that exceeds the machine performance, the machine may be broken or injury or death may result.

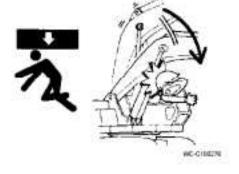
Be sure to use a bucket or attachment that meets the specifications.



Never lean out of the window

Do not lean out of the window, enter between the attachment and cylinder or put your hand or arm between them.

If the attachment moves, you may be caught by the attachment, resulting in serious injury or death.



PRECAUTIONS FOR TRAVELING

Check the direction

If forward movement and backward movement are mistaken in operation with the travel lever, serious accidents may result.

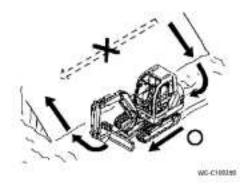
Check the blade position before traveling. If the blade is behind the machine, operations of the travel levers are reversed.



Travel up and down the slope

Traveling sideways or parallel to a slope while on it may cause the machine to slide and fall over.

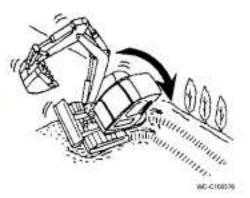
To prevent such accidents, only travel up and down the slope at a right angle.



Do not steer on the slope

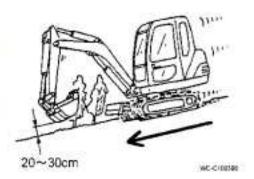
Avoid changing the direction on a slope, which could result in tipping or side slipping of the machine.

When it is inevitable to change the direction, carry it out in a hard ground where the slope is gradual.



Travel on the slope

- Keep the bucket at as low position as 20 to 30 cm from the ground and travel the machine at low speed when traveling on a slope.
- Lower the bucket onto the ground and stop traveling if the machine becomes unstable.



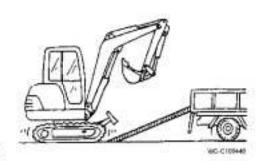
9VX3 ENG

1-8

PRECAUTIONS FOR TRANSPORTING

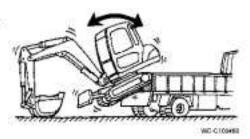
Load and unload the machine

- Always load and unload the machine on the level ground.
- Use a ramp board that has sufficient strength, width, length, and thickness.
- Remove ice, snow, or slippery material from the ramp board and truck deck before loading.
- Never swing the machine on a ramp board. Otherwise, it may fall down.



Never load or unload the machine without ramp board

Never load or unload the machine by jacking up the attachment. Otherwise, the machine may fall down.



Precautions at transportation

Apply stoppers in front of and behind the crawlers.

Apply wire ropes to the machine body and attachment and fix them firmly to the load carrying platform.

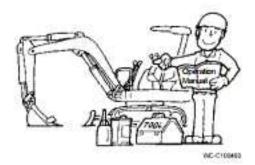


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PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE

Keep routine maintenance

You must read and understand the warnings and instructions contained in this manual, before performing any operation or maintenance procedures.



Wear protective tools

In grinding or when detaching the pin or tooth, fragments may be put in eyes, resulting in injury.

Wear protective goggles and protective cap before starting work.



Put the "maintenance signboard"

Put the "Maintenance signboard" on an easy-to-see position of the operation lever in order to prevent any other person from touching the machine carelessly.



Never perform maintenance of the moving machine

Lower the bucket onto the ground and stop the engine to prevent an accident of being crushed or caught by the machine.

Keep in good contact with the operator if it is necessary to perform maintenance of the moving machine.



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9VX3 ENG

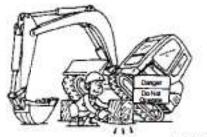
1-10

SAFETY

When working under tracks

If the machine is merely jacked up with the attachment, you may be caught by the machine when it lowers.

Place the supporting blocks under the crawler and make sure that it is supported firmly.

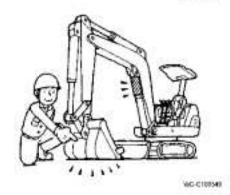


MC-C188525

Hold the attachment

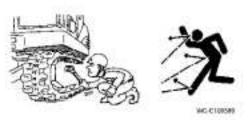
If the hydraulic hose is disconnected or the pin is drawn out in the condition where the attachment is raised in the air, oil may spout out or the attachment may drop.

Be sure to lower the attachment onto the ground or keep it with safety supports, blocks, etc.



Never watch the check valve when adjusting crawler shoes

Never watch the check valve when servicing the crawler shoes. Position yourself not to be splashed with grease. Grease used to adjust the crawler shoes is highly pressurized and can cause serious injury or death. Carefully read and understand the maintenance procedure for shoe adjustment.



Never perform maintenance with engine running

Touching rotating parts such as the fan belt, etc., can get your hand crushed and there is the danger of your hand being cut off.

Always perform maintenance with the engine shut off.



Be careful with hot engine

Never touch the engine or muffler right after the machine is stopped. It is very hot and causes burns.





WG-010839

Never open a radiator cap when it is hot

Never try to open the radiator cap while the engine is running or right after the engine is stopped. If the cap is open the very hot steam will blow out, which causes serious burns.

Wait until the coolant temperature goes down.

Slowly open the cap to release the pressure.



Always release inner pressure from hydraulic system

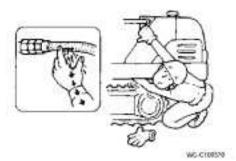
Pressurized oil may spout out if the hydraulic line is disconnected without releasing the inner pressure of the hydraulic system. Release the inner pressure before disconnecting a hydraulic line.



Precautions for high pressure oil

It is very dangerous if the high pressure oil enters your skin or eyes.

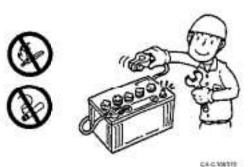
If oil enters your skin, immediately go to the doctor and get medical attention.



Precautions for battery

When maintaining the electrical system or carrying out welding, remove the lead connected to the negative terminal (-) of the battery.

The battery can generate flammable gases and there is the danger of the gases catching fire and exploding. Also, dilute sulfuric acid is used for the battery liquid. Take sufficient care while handling.



Prevent fire or explosions

Keep away fuel, lubricant and coolant from any fire or heat. Most of them are very flammable.

Never place flammable materials or objects close to fire or heat.

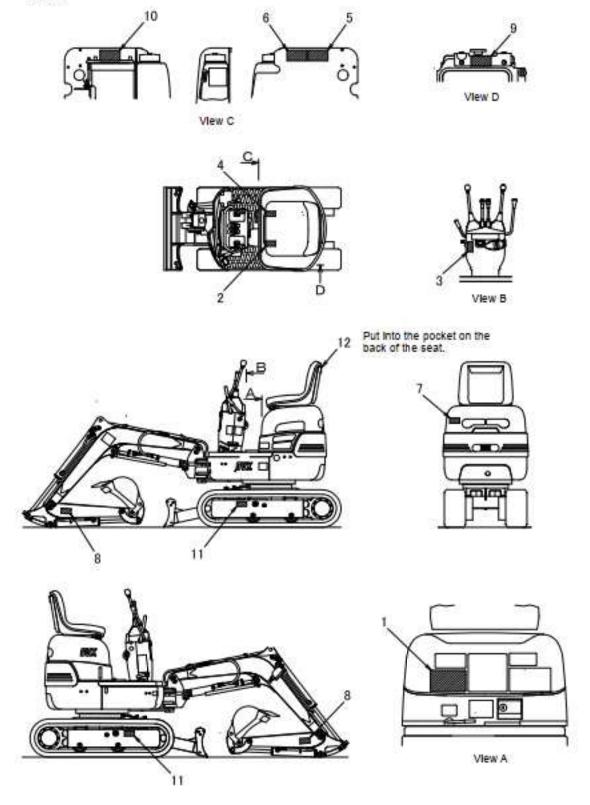


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SAFETY SIGNS AND LABELS

There are several specific safety signs **a** on your machine.

Make sure that you can read all safety signs. Clean or replace these if you cannot read the words.



1. Safety operation (440590300)

SAFETY OPERATION

- 1. Before and after everythy's operation, make sure to do daily inspection, lubrication and maintenance.

 2. During operation, make sure all lamps are in normal sureritors and any section are who people are opinional control of machine.

 2. Does the bustest on ground and stop the engine when machine is not in use.

- possible.

 5 Do not squeeze-in below the machine being relead up, by boom, 6 Do not use the bucket like a picker, harmon or a broom? 7 Apoid to park the mothine on inclined ground as much as possible. It not eveldable, but suitable block on the crawer shows and down the blade to penetrate ground.

440530300

2. Read manual! (D405 359 00) Read manual before operation, maintenance, disassembly, assembly and transportation.



3. Crush hazard (D405 508 00) Sign indicates a hazard of being crushed or run over by unexpected moving of stopped machine. Lower working device to ground, move safety lever to lock position and take engine key with you before leaving

machine.



 Electric power lines (D405 506 00) Sign indicates an electrocution hazard if machine is brought too near electric power lines. Keep a safe distance from electric power lines.



Hazard of rotating parts (D405 675 00)



Sign indicates a hazard of rotating parts, such as fan.

Turn off before inspection and maintenance.

 Hazard of rotating parts (D405 674 00)



Sign indicates a hazard of rotating parts, such as belt.

Turn off before inspection and maintenance.

Keep away from swing area (D406 269 00)



Sign indicates a crush hazard by rotation of upper structure of the machine.

Keep away from swinging area of machine.

Keep away from machine
 (D405 668 00)
 Sign indicates a hazard of being hit by the working device of the machine.



 Burn hazard (D405 503 00)



Sign indicates a burn hazard from spurting hot water or oil if radiator or hydraulic tank is uncapped while hot.

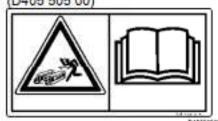
Allow radiator or hydraulic tank to cool before removing cap. 10. Electrical hazard (D405 504 00)



Sign indicates an electrical hazard from handling the cable.

Read manual for safe and proper handling.

Warning for track adjuster (D405 505 00)



Sign indicates a hazard of flying plug from track adjuster that could cause injury. Read manual before adjusting track for safe and proper handling.

12. Danger! (D405 323 00)



Operation prohibition during inspection and servicing.

Hang this sign on the control lever during inspection and servicing not to allow any other worker to start the engine or operate the machine.

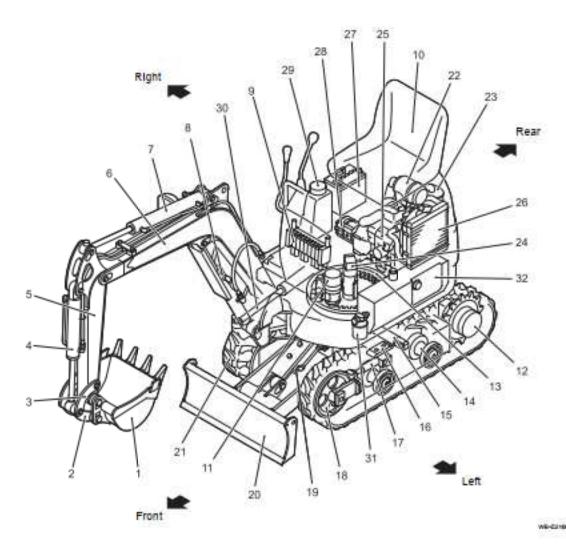
9VX3 ENG 1-16

OPERATION

This section describes the proper operation procedures of this machine.

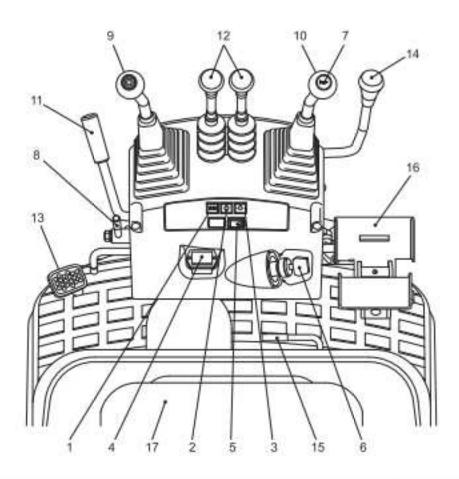
Always look to the safety and observe the given operation instructions and cautions to carry out works safely.

NAMES OF COMPONENTS



No.	Name	No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Bucket	12	Travel motor	23	Muffler
2	Bucket link	13	Swing bearing	24	Rotary joint
3	Arm link	14	Lower roller	25	Engine
4	Bucket cylinder	15	Crawler extension cylinder	26	Radiator
5	Am	16	Slide pad	27	Battery
6	Boom	17	Shoe adjusting device	28	Hydraulic pump
7	Arm cylinder	18	Front idler	29	Fuel tank
8	Boom cylinder	19	Blade cylinder	30	Boom swing cylinder
9	Control valve	20	Blade	31	Return filter
10	Operator's seat	21	Crawler shoe	32	Hydraulic oil tank
11	Swing unit	22	Air cleaner	135-95	

CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS



ni-Circuit

No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Battery charge warning lamp	10	Right operation lever
2	Water temperature warning lamp	11	Throttle lever
3	Engine oil pressure warning lamp	12	Travel lever
4	Hour meter	13	Travel speed select pedal
5	Light switch	14	Blade/crawler operation lever
6	Engine key switch	15	Blade/crawler select lever
7	Horn switch	16	Boom swing pedal
8	Operation lock lever	17	Operator's seat
9	Left operation lever		

OPERATION

1. Battery charge warning lamp

This lamp turns on if some trouble occurs in the charging system while the engine is running. Stop the engine and check if the fan belt is not slack and the electric system is proper, if this lamp turns on while the engine is running.



W9-C210000

2. Water temperature warning lamp

This lamp turns on if the cooling water temperature exceeds 107°C while the engine is running. Bring the engine into the idling state to cool down the cooling water if this lamp turns on while the engine is running. Stop the engine and check the cooling system and the cooling water level after the cooling water temperature lowers.



WB-C210040

3. Engine oil pressure warning lamp

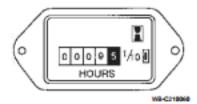
This lamp turns on if the lubricating oil pressure lowers while the engine is running. Stop the engine and check the lubrication system and lubricating oil quantity if this lamp turns on while the engine is running.



V9-C210050

4. Hour meter

- The accumulated operation time of the machine is displayed in units of 1/10 hour (6 minutes).
- While the engine is running, the green operation indicator on the right of the meter rotates, indicating that the meter proceeds.
- It advances as long as the engine is running, even if the machine is not working.



5. Light switch

The front light of the boom turns on when the AP mark is pressed. It turns off when the opposite side is pressed.



WE-C210878

6. Engine key switch

Use this switch to start and stop the engine.

HEAT (preheat)

The HEAT position is used to preheat the cool engine in cold seasons. Preheating is complete by holding the switch at the HEAT position for approximately 4 seconds. Turn the key to the START position then.

OFF (stop)

The key may be inserted and drawn out at this position. All electric system switches are off and the engine stops.

ON (run)

The electric system is powered on and the warning lamp turns on. Keep the switch at this position while the engine is running.

START (start)

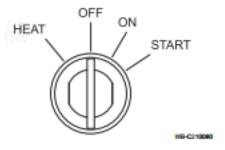
Set the switch to this position to start the engine.

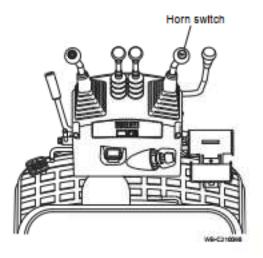
Release the fingers from the key immediately after the engine starts.

The key returns to the ON position automatically.

7. Horn switch

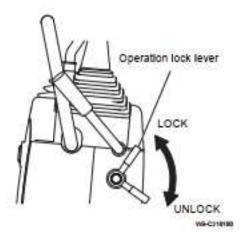
Press this switch to turn on the horn.





8. Operation lock lever

- This lever is a safety device, which prevents the machine from malfunctioning if the operator's body touches the operation lever when getting on or off the machine.
- Attachment operation and swing operation are locked when the operation lock lever is set to the LOCK position.
- Set the operation lock lever to the UNLOCK position when starting work.



A WARNING

- The machine may move in an unexpected way and a serious accident may result, if you touch the operation lever carelessly in the condition where the operation lock lever is not set at the LOCK position.
- Stop the engine and set the operation lock lever to the LOCK position before leaving the machine.
- Note that boom swing operation is not locked even if the operation lock lever is set to the LOCK position.

A WARNING

This manual gives explanations of the standard operation system (JIS system).

In some types of machines, the actual operation systems may differ from the given explanations.

Improper operation may cause a dangerous accident. Make sure, before starting operation, that machine movements are the same as shown on the operation system label.

9. Left operation lever

Use this lever to operate the arm and swing.

Arm in: Pull the lever backward.
 Arm out: Push the lever forward.
 Swing left: Turn the lever to the left.
 Swing right: Turn the lever to the right.

Stop: Release your hand from the lever.

The lever returns to the neutral position automatically and

operation stops.

Simultaneous operation;

Turn the lever diagonally to operate the arm and swing

simultaneously.

10. Right operation lever

Use this lever to operate the boom and bucket.

Boom raise: Pull the lever backward.
 Boom lower: Push the lever forward.
 Bucket dig: Turn the lever to the left.
 Bucket dump: Turn the lever to the right.

Stop: Release your hand from the lever.

The lever returns to the neutral position automatically and

operation stops.

Simultaneous operation:

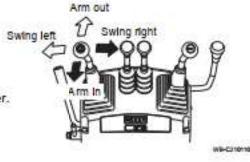
Turn the lever diagonally to operate the boom and bucket simultaneously.

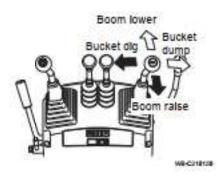
11. Throttle lever

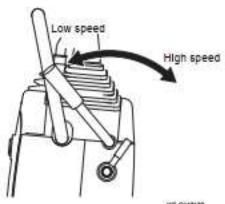
Use this lever to adjust the engine speed.

Low speed; Push the lever forward.

High speed: Pull the lever backward.







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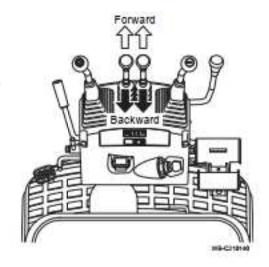
12. Travel Levers

Use these levers to control traveling.

Forward: Push the right and left travel levers forward. Backward: Pull the right and left travel levers backward.

Stop: Release your hands from the levers. The

levers return to the neutral positions automatically and operation stops.



A WARNING

- If forward movement and backward movement are mistaken during traveling, a serious accident may result.
- Forward movement means forward movement with the blade in the front position. If the blade is at the rear position, the traveling directions are contrary to the lever operations.
- Check if the blade is in the front or rear position before operating the travel levers.

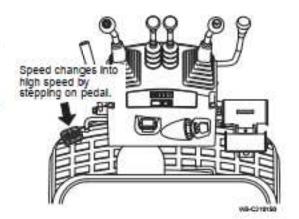
13. Travel speed select pedal

A CAUTION

Do not travel the machine at the high speed when loading it on a truck or traveling on a steep slope.

The travel speed changes into the high speed when you step on the pedal. The high speed changes into the low speed when you release your foot from the pedal.

The travel speed may be changed during traveling or stopping.



14. Blade/crawler operation lever

A CAUTION

The blade moves down by its own mass if this lever is pushed forward even though the engine is stopping, if the blade/crawler lever is set at the blade position.

Blade operation

Blade raise: Pull the lever backward. Blade lower: Push the lever forward.

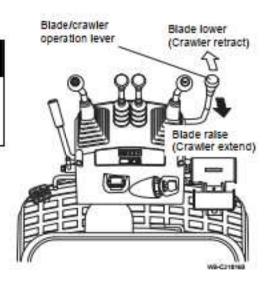
Crawler operation

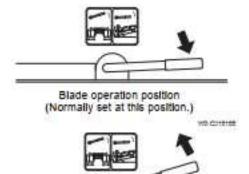
Crawler retract: Pull the lever backward.
Crawler extend: Push the lever forward.

15. Blade/crawler select lever

Change blade operation and crawler operation with this lever.

Blade operation: Push down the lever. Crawler operation: Pull up the lever.





Crawler operation position

WG-COTHING

16. Boom swing pedal

Swing the boom with this pedal.

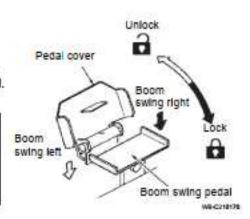
Open the pedal cover to the unlock position.

Boom swing left: Step on the left side of the pedal.

Boom swing right: Step on the right side of the pedal.

A CAUTION

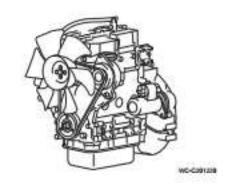
Protect the pedal with the cover to disable pedal operation when boom swing operation is not needed.



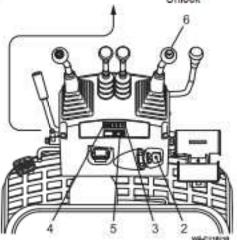
STARTING ENGINE

Check before Starting Engine

- Sit on the operator's seat and adjust it to the condition where the operation levers and pedals may be used smoothly.
- Make sure that the operation lock lever (1) is set at the locked position.
- 3. Make sure that each lever is set at the neutral position.
- Insert the key into the engine key switch (2). Turn it to the ON (run) position and make sure of the following.
 - The engine oil pressure warning lamp (3) and battery charge warning lamp (4) are lit continuously.
 (It is normal if the engine oil pressure warning lamp and battery charge warning lamp turn off when the engine starts.)
 - Push the light switch (5) and make sure that the front light is turned on.
 - Push the horn switch (6) and make sure that the horn sounds.







Normal Starting

- 1. Set the throttle lever to the middle speed.
- Turn the engine key to the START position to start the engine.
- Release your fingers from the key when the engine starts.

The key returns to the ON (run) position automatically,

 Push the operation lock lever down to the unlock position to start work.

A CAUTION

- Check if there are no persons or obstacles around the machine, turn on the horn, and start then.
- Be sure to sit on the operator's seat and start the engine.



Do not turn the starting motor for 15 seconds or more. If the engine fails to start, return the key to the OFF position, wait for 30 seconds, and try to start the engine again.

Starting in Cold Seasons

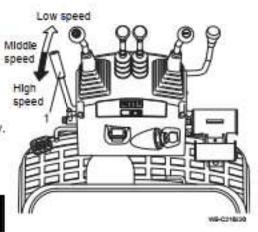
Preheat the engine with the glow plug in cold seasons to make it easy to start the engine.

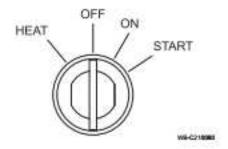
- Set the throttle lever (1) to the middle speed.
- Turn the key counterclockwise and keep it at the HEAT (preheat) position for about 4 seconds.

The engine oil pressure warning lamp and battery charge warning lamp also turn on when the key is set at the HEAT (preheat) position. However, this does not imply any abnormality.

- 3. Turn the key to the START position to start the engine.
- Release your fingers from the key after the engine starts.

The key returns to the ON (run) position automatically.





Starting Engine with Booster Cables

Follow the instructions shown below to start the engine using the booster cables.

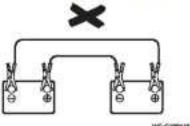
A WARNING

- If the booster cables are connected improperly, the battery will be shorted, resulting in a dangerous accident. Never connect the ⊕ and ⊖ terminals.
- The battery produces flammable hydrogen gas, which is explosive. Do not bring fire close to it or produce sparks near it.

NOTICE

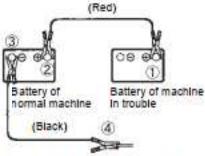
The electrical circuits of this machine run on 12 V. Use a 12 V auxiliary battery.

Never connect the ⊕ and ⊖ terminals.



Order of connecting booster cables

- 1. Set the engine key switches of the normal machine and machine in trouble to the OFF positions.
- Connect the clip of the booster cable (red) to the ⊕ terminal of the machine in trouble. Connect the other clip to the @ terminal of the normal machine.
- Connect the clip of the booster cable (black) to the Θ terminal of the normal machine. Connect the other clip to the upper frame of the machine in trouble.



Upper frame of machine in trouble

Order of connecting booster cables

Starting engine

- 1. Make sure that the cable clips are connected to the battery terminals and upper frame firmly.
- 2. Start the engine of the normal machine and keep the engine running at high revolution.
- Start the engine of the machine in trouble.

Disconnecting booster cables

- 1. Disconnect the clip of the black cable from the upper frame first. Then, disconnect the clip from the O terminal of the normal machine.
- Disconnect the clip of the red cable from the ⊕ terminal. of the normal machine first. Then, disconnect the clip from the @ terminal of the machine in trouble.

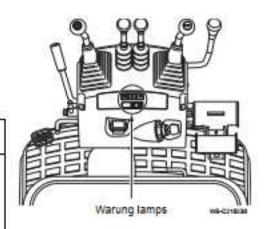
Order of disconnecting booster cables

Check after Starting Engine

- 1. Make sure that all warning lamps are off.
- Check if the engine exhaust color, sound and vibrations are proper.

NOTICE

- Do not accelerate the engine or apply loads to it quickly when the cooling water temperature is low.
- Stop the engine immediately, find the cause and repair troubles, if some troubles are found.



Warming Up Engine

- Idle the engine to warm it up for approximately 10 minutes after the engine starts.
- Lift the bucket from the ground and repeat cycles of moving the bucket lever to the digging or dumping position for 10 to 15 seconds and keeping it at the neutral position for about 10 seconds for five minutes to raise the hydraulic oil temperature, if the hydraulic oil temperature is low.
- Then, repeat all operations, including swinging, traveling and moving the attachment, three to five times to warm up all devices.



NOTICE

Do not carry out high-speed operation quickly when the hydraulic oil temperature is low (below 20°C).

The proper hydraulic oil temperature is 50°C to 80°C. Warm up hydraulic oil up to 20°C or so and then carry out operation, if it is necessary to start operation at low temperature. wc-сиюсия

STOPPING ENGINE

MARNING

If you touch the operation lever by mistake without locking the operation lock lever, the machine may move unexpectedly, resulting in a dangerous accident.

Lower the attachment onto the ground, stop the engine and set the operation lock lever to the lock position before you leave the operator's seat.

Stopping machine

- Park the machine on a safe, flat and rigid ground not in danger of stone dropping, landslide, etc.
- Raise the arm and lower the bucket onto the ground with its bottom horizontal.
- 3. Lower the blade onto the ground.
- Set the gate lock lever to the locked position.

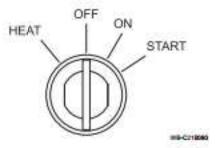
Stopping engine

- Idle the engine for five minutes or so to lower the engine temperature.
- Set the engine key switch to the OFF (stop) position to stop the engine.
- Pull out the key from the engine key switch.

Inspection and locking after engine stops

- Check each part for oil leak, water leak and damages.
 Carry out repair work if leak or some abnormality is found.
- 2. Refill the fuel tank fully.
- Remove soil and sand from around the crawlers and bucket.
- Lock all the lockable parts such as the fuel port, engine cover, etc.

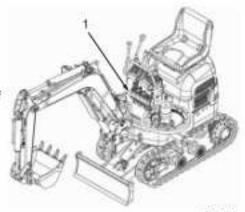






EMERGENCY ACTIONS IF ENGINE STOPS

If the machine stops due to an engine trouble in the condition where the boom is raised, the boom will not lower even though the boom operation lever is set to the low position. If the machine is left in this condition, the boom is in danger of dropping. Lower the boom by one of the methods shown below.

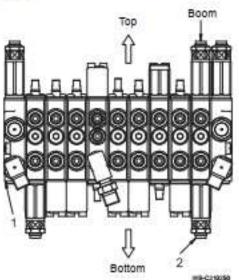


If the starting motor runs though the engine does not start

Set the engine key switch to the START position in the condition where the boom operation is set to the low position. Rotate the engine with the starting motor to lower the boom.

NOTICE

Do not rotate the starting motor for 10 seconds or more. Wait two minutes or so and restart the motor then.

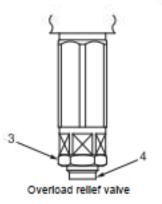


If the engine does not rotate at all

- Open the front cover of the lever stand.
- Loosen the lock nut (3) of the overload relief valve (2) for raising the boom in the lower right of the control valve (1). Loosen the adjust screw (4) gradually.
- Stop loosening the adjust screw when the boom begins to lower. Wait until the bucket moves down to the ground.

NOTICE

Do not turn back the adjust screw. It requires special adjustment technique accompanied by pressure measurement. Ask our service office to repair the engine and adjust the screw.



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RUNNING IN NEW MACHINE

NOTICE

If a new machine is used by force, the performances may be deteriorated earlier and the service life may be shortened. Run in the machine for the initial 50 hours.

Follow the instructions below and run in the new machine.

1. Warm up the machine sufficiently.



Do not run the machine with heavy loads or at high speed.

Run the machine at about 80% of the maximum engine revolution.



- Do not apply the full load to the machine. The adequate load is 80% or so.
 - Do not run the machine by force.
- Do not start, accelerate or stop the machine quickly or change the direction quickly.
- Do not apply shocks such as quick stopping of the boom when lowering it to the machine.
- 6. Grease the pins of the attachment everyday.



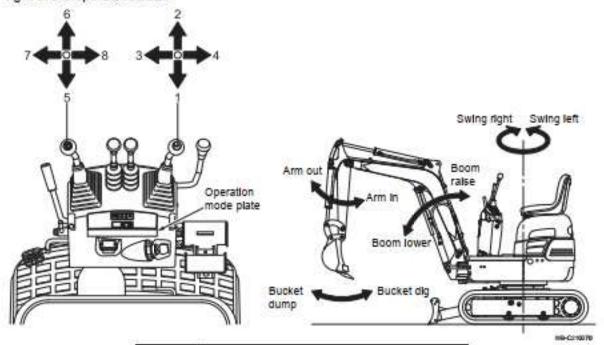
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LEVER OPERATIONS

Operation Mode

Three operation patterns are available. The handling methods of the operation levers and machine movements differ with these patterns.

Check the operation mode before using the levers. The operation mode plate is stuck on the right of the operator's seat.



Operation mode Operation direction Pattern A Pattern B Pattern F Boom raise Boom raise Arm In 1 2 Boom lower Boom lower Arm out 3 Bucket dig Bucket dig Bucket dig 4 Bucket dump Bucket dump Bucket dump Arm In Boom raise 5 Swing left 6 Arm out Swing right Boom lower 7 Swing left Arm out Swing left Swing right Arm In Swing right

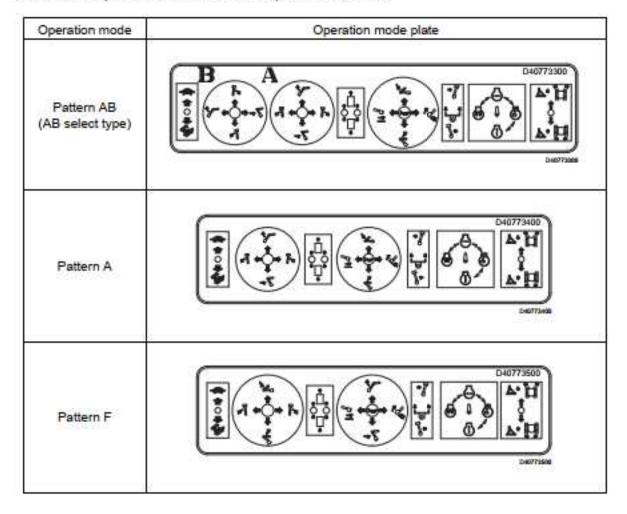
A WARNING

Check the action of each operation lever and movement of the machine before starting work in order to prevent accidents, which may result in injury or death, due to improper operations.

OPERATION

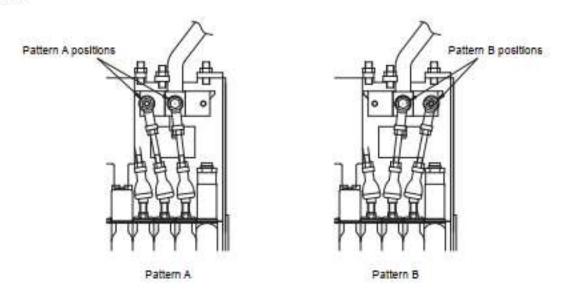
Operation Mode Plate

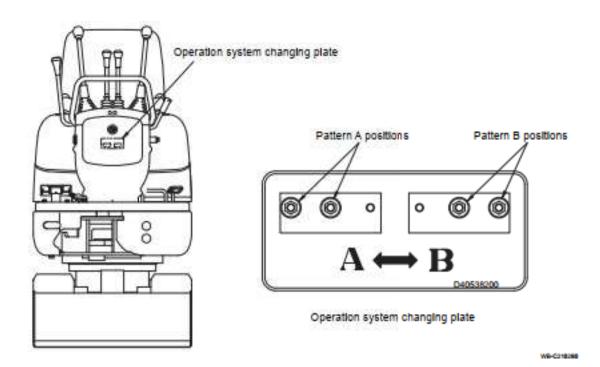
The operation mode plate shown below that indicates the operation system of the machine is stuck at the top of the lever stand on the operator's seat side.



Pattern AB changing method

- It is necessary to re-assemble the reach rods of the left operation lever, if the pattern A
 operation system (standard operation system) is changed into the pattern B. Open the cover
 on the front of the lever stand and re-assemble the reach rods.
- 2. The operation system changing plate is stuck on the inside of the lever stand front cover.
- Lower the attachment onto the ground and stop the engine before re-assembling the reach rods.

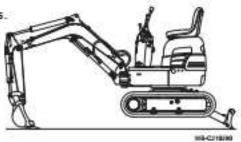


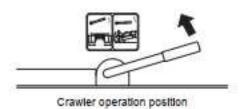


CRAWLER EXTENSION/RETRACTION OPERATION

This machine has crawler extension/retraction mechanisms. Extend the crawlers as shown below.

- 1. Move the blade to the back of the machine and jack up the machine body until the crawlers are lifted from the ground using the attachment and blade in order to extend or retract the crawlers easily.
- 2. Pull up the blade/crawler select lever to the crawler operation position.





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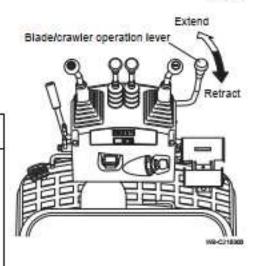
3. Change the engine speed to the middle speed and operate the blade/crawler operation lever.

Extending the crawlers: Push the lever forward. Retracting the crawlers: Pull the lever backward.

NOTICE

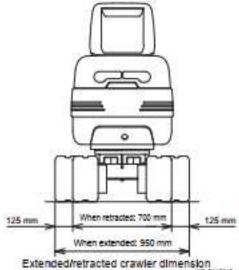
Be sure to extend or retract the crawlers on a flat place with no obstacles.

The crawlers may be extended or retracted without jacking up the machine body. However, if there are obstacles on the ground on the side of the crawlers, the resistance increases and may hinder crawler extension or retraction.



A CAUTION

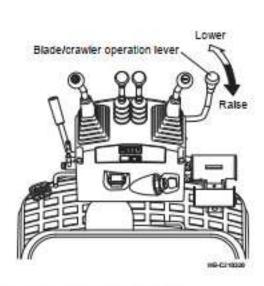
- The crawlers may retract slightly during operation due to leakage from the hydraulic circuit.
 - Extend them to the stroke end occasionally with the blade/crawler operation lever.
- Be sure to travel the machine at the stroke end of the crawler cylinder.
 - If the machine is traveled at the middle of the stroke, the travel linearity and operability are deteriorated and the machine body may become faulty.

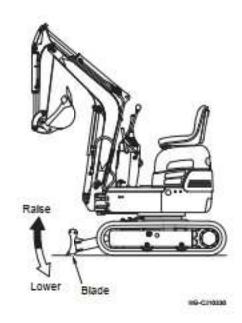


BLADE OPERATION

Push down the blade/crawler select lever to the blade position and operate the blade/crawler operation lever:

Blade raise: Pull the lever backward. Blade lower: Push the lever forward.

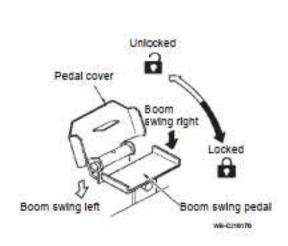


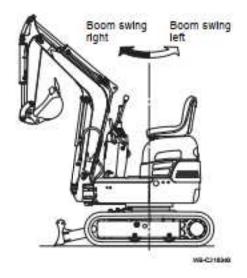


BOOM SWING OPERATION

Open the pedal cover to the unlock position before starting operation. Step on the right or left position of the boom swing pedal to operate the boom.

Right boom swing: Step on the right side of the pedal. Left boom swing: Step on the left side of the pedal.





A CAUTION

Put the pedal cover on the pedal and lock it when boom swing is not carried out.

OPERATION

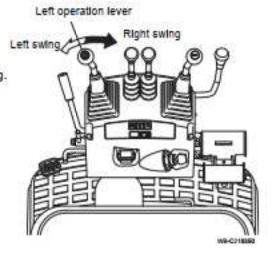
SWING OPERATION

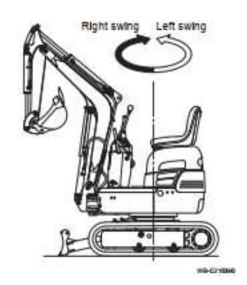
Use the left operation lever to swing.

Swing right: Turn the lever to the right.

Swing left: Turn the lever to the left.

Return the lever to the neutral position to stop swinging.





⚠ WARNING

Do not let any persons enter the swinging range.

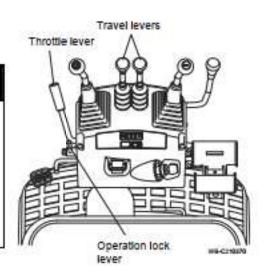
Check the safety around the machine before swinging.

TRAVELING

Starting, Traveling and Stopping

▲ WARNING

- If forward movement and backward movement are mistaken in operation with the travel lever, serious accidents may result.
- Check the blade position before traveling. If the blade is behind the machine, operations of the travel levers are reversed.
- Make sure that there are no people around the machine and turn on the horn before starting.



- Pull the throttle lever to raise the engine speed to the proper speed to traveling.
- 2. Lower the operation lock lever to unlock it.
- Raise the bucket and blade to certain height that allow smooth traveling without hitting them.
- 4. Operate the right and left travel levers as shown below.

Forward

Push both travel levers forward to move the machine forward.

(The machine always moves toward the blade when the travel levers are pushed forward.)

Backward

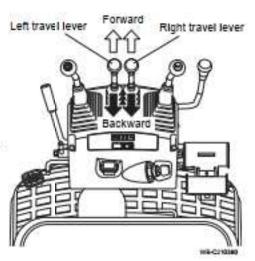
Pull back both travel levers to move the machine backward.

(The machine always moves toward the sprocket when the travel levers are pulled back.)

The traveling speed of the machine can be controlled by the amount of turning the travel levers.)

Stopping

Set both travel levers to the neutral positions to stop the machine. When the machine stops, the parking brake is applied automatically.





Changing Direction

Turning during traveling

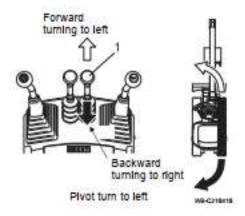
Return the travel lever toward the neutral position a little to change the direction during forward (or backward) traveling.

When the lever of the intended turning direction is returned a little, the machine turns slowly in that direction.

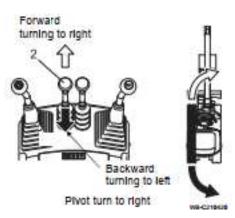
Pivot turning (when blade is in front of machine)

Drive a single crawler to change the direction.

Pivot turn to the left
 Push the right travel lever (1) to turn the machine forward. Pull it back to turn the machine backward.



Pivot turn to the right Use the left travel lever (2) in the same way.



Spin turning (when blade is in front of machine)

Drive the right and left crawlers in the reverse directions to change the direction without traveling the machine.

- Spin turning to the left
 Push the right travel lever forward and pull back the left lever.
- Spin turning to the right
 Pull back the right travel lever and push the left lever
 forward.





Spin turning

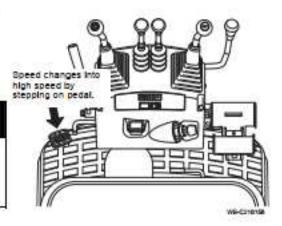
High speed Traveling

If you step on the travel speed select pedal, the speed changes into the high speed while you are stepping on the pedal.

The high speed changes into the low speed when you release your foot from the pedal.

WARNING

Do not change the travel speed into the high speed while unloading from a truck or traveling down a slope. It is very dangerous if the travel speed changes during traveling.



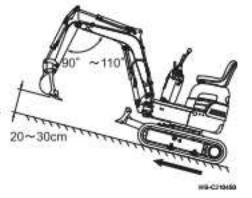
Precautions While Traveling on Slope

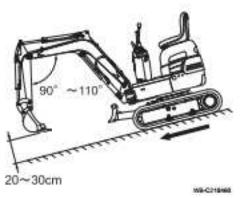
- The gradeability of this machine is 30° (58%).
- Travel up or down a slope at the low speed.
- 3. Travel up a 15° or more slope in the posture shown on the right.
- 4. Reduce the engine speed and operate the travel levers slowly when traveling down a 15° or more slope. Move down the slope in the forward traveling posture as shown on the right.

Lower the bucket onto the ground to stabilize the machine if it becomes unstable.

WARNING

- Do not change the direction on a slope. Otherwise, the machine may slide sideways.
- When the machine moves across a slope, it may slide sideways. Move down the slope onto a flat ground, turn the machine, and travel safely.
- Do not travel on a 30° or more slope.







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WORK INSTRUCTIONS

Digging

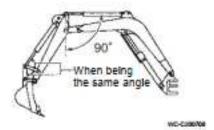
The digging force of the arm cylinder is maximized when the angle between the arm cylinder and arm is 90 degrees.

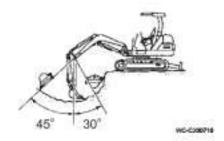
The digging force of the bucket cylinder is maximized when the angle between the bucket cylinder and the arm link is the same as the angle between the arm link and bucket link.

Improve the digging work efficiency, making use of these angles properly.

In digging, pull the arm to dig with the bucket.

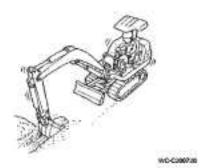
Raise and lower the boom to adjust the depth.





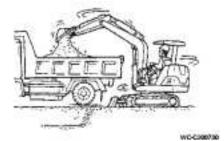
Ditching

Place the machine along the ditch direction and travel it backward with the progress of ditching.



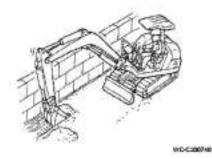
Loading

After digging, raise the boom, swing and load soil onto the dump truck.



Gutter Digging

It is possible to dig gutters in narrow spaces by swinging the boom.



PRECAUTIONS FOR WORKS

Never stop swinging by hitting

Never stop swinging by hitting or pressing the bucket against the wall of the ditch. Otherwise, strong impacts are applied to the machine and the service life is shortened.



Avoid sweeping the bucket like a broom in order to level off ahead of machine. This causes side strains and wear on the boom, arm, and bucket.



At the stroke end of the cylinder, the bucket moves faster. Thus, operate the bucket slowly with care not to allow soil and sand to drop.

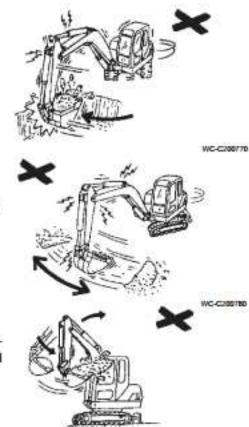
When the cylinder is moved to the stroke end, large forces are applied to the cylinder piston and the service life is shortened. Give some margins to the cylinder in works.

Hammering is prohibited

Never use the bucket instead of picks or for hammering or piling. Otherwise, excessive forces are applied to the machine, resulting in dangerous accidents.

Do not overload to cylinder

Do not forcefully conduct digging operation beyond the capacity, which may overload any cylinder and open its relief valves. This causes damage to the hydraulic system and machine.







WC-C299790

Do not crawl with the bucket

Do not drag the bucket on the ground by crawling. Level the ground with proper equipments in a correct way.

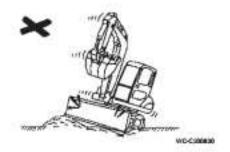


WG-0300820

Bring both sides of the blade into contact with the ground

Bring both sides of the blade into firm contact with the flat ground when using the blade as a stabilizing plate in digging work.

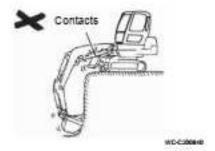
If a single side of the blade contacts the ground, the blade may be damaged.



Pay attention to the blade when digging deep ditches

The cylinder may hit against the blade. Thus, the boom cylinder may contact with the blade when digging a deep ditch.

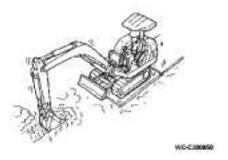
Be very careful in operation.



Works in damp grounds

Place mats or the like to protect the footing in advance when carrying out works in damp grounds or muddy places.

Drive the machine with great care not to enter muddy places.

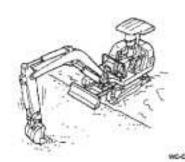


Escape from a muddy place

If a single side enters a muddy place, lower the bucket onto that muddy ground to lift the crawler, place logs, wood, under the crawler and escape from that place.



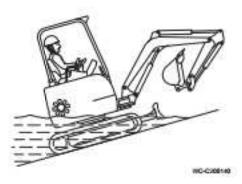
If both sides enter a muddy place and the machine cannot be driven, place logs or wood under crawlers one by one in the same way as shown above, bite the front ground with the bucket, pull the arm in the same way as digging to move the machine, and escape from that place.



Works in water

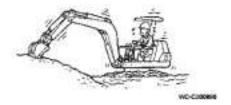
- The allowable water depth is up to the center of the upper roller or the top of the slide pad.
 Check the water depth and ground before working in water or traveling the machine across the river. Do not go into water deeper than the allowable water depth.
 The machine may sink little by little if the ground is soft.
 Pay great attention to the footing in work.
 If the bucket is dipped in water for long, grease the pins around the bucket sufficiently until used grease oozes out.
- The engine may get wet with water and the radiator fan may be broken if the machine climbs a steep slope when going out of water. Be very careful.





Countermeasures if the machine is buried up to the super structure

If the machine is buried with water, soil or sand up to the super structure by mistake the swing bearing may wear abnormally. It is necessary to change grease in the turning structure or overhaul and repair the turning structure immediately. Stop operation and ask greasing, overhaul or repair works from the nearest service office.



PRECAUTION ON USE OF RUBBER SHOE

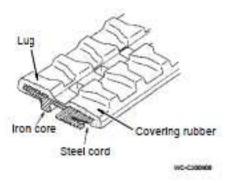
The rubber shoe may be damaged or worn faster depending on working conditions. Be sure to observe the prohibitions and instructions shown below.

Structure of Rubber Shoe

As shown in the figure to the right, the rubber shoe consists of steel cord to sustain tension, iron core to support it, and covering rubber to them.

NOTICE

If a crack reaches the steel cord, it may be rusted and cut off by moisture. When any crack is detected, immediate repair is essential. Please contact your local IHI distributor.



Cautions while working and traveling

Do not travel or work on rocky site

This causes damage of the lug and breakage of the steel cord.



Do not travel or work on riverbed

This causes damage and slipping off of the shoe.



OPERATION

Do not travel or work on steel or scrap material

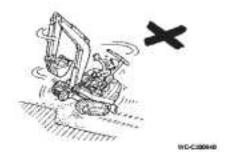
This causes damage of the lug and breakage of the steel cord.



Do not travel on large step

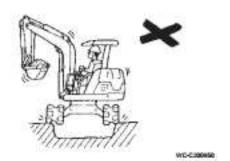
While traveling up the large step, do not change the

Otherwise, the shoes may be slipped off.



Do not travel or work while spanning a ditch

This causes damage of the lug and breakage of the steel cord.



Do not forcibly press soil while rubber shoes are slipping

Slipping of the rubber shoes promotes wear of the lugs.



Do not travel over high heat locations

Do not travel over place subjected to high heat such as bonfires or steel plate under scorching heat.

This causes serious abrasion or damage and breakage of the lug.

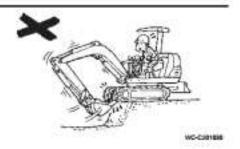


OPERATION

Do not hit the bucket

Be careful not to damage the rubber shoes with the bucket.

Otherwise, the iron cores may be broken or the steel cords may be cut off.



Do not let oil, solvents and salt adhere to the rubber shoes

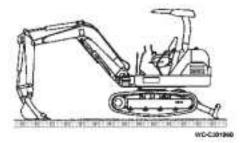
- If fuel, hydraulic oil and paint should adhere to the rubber shoes, wipe it away quickly.
- Wash away with water after working in locations with a large salt content. Salt can cause the iron core to rust or peel.



Always keep proper tension on the shoe

If the rubber shoe is slack, it may damage the rubber shoe or cause them to come off the rollers.

This causes damage and slipping off of the shoe.



PTO (POWER TAKE-OFF) WHEN USING SPECIAL ATTACHMENT

NOTICE

- Select the proper special attachments such as hydraulic breakers, iron forks, special
 hydraulic devices and so forth that fit the capability of this machine.
- Some special attachments require reinforcement of the arm. Inquire our dealer about reinforcement.
- Be sure to read the manuals issued by the manufacturers and have good understanding before using special attachments.
- When a special attachment is attached to the machine, the stability, transport dimensions, etc. of the machine may change. Be careful.

The operation methods of the operation pedal or lever differ with the types of the special attachments. Use the special attachment in use properly as shown below.

When using breaker

- Connect the supply hydraulic hose to the "A port" and the return hydraulic hose to the "B port".
- 2. Open the pedal (1) to the operation position.
- Step on the front side of the pedal, and the breaker moves.

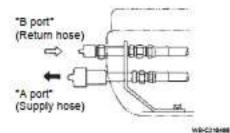
Return the pedal to the neutral position, and the breaker stops.

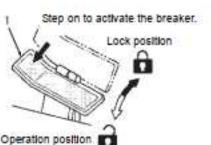
 Set the pedal to the neutral position and close the pedal to the lock position, when it is not used.

NOTICE

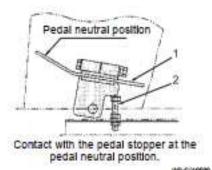
Be sure to adjust the pedal stopper as shown below, if the operation pedal is attached newly or the double-action operation is changed into the single-action operation.

 Adjust the length of the pedal stopper (2) so that the pedal (1) is in contact with the pedal stopper at the pedal neutral position and the pedal will not move even when the rear position of the pedal is stepped on.





Welcatonia



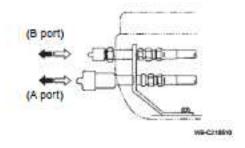
When using iron fork

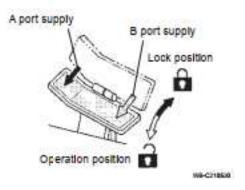
- Connect the hydraulic hoses to the "A port" and "B port".
- 2. Open the pedal (1) to the operation position.
- When stepping on the front side of the pedal, the A port becomes the supply side. When stepping on the rear side of the pedal, the B port becomes the supply side.
- Set the pedal (1) to the neutral position and close the pedal to the lock position, when it is not used.

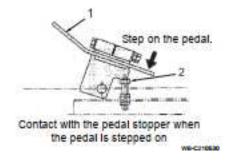


Be sure to adjust the pedal stopper (2) as shown below, if the operation pedal is attached newly or the single-action operation is changed into the double-action operation.

 Adjust the length of the pedal stopper (2) so that the pedal (1) is in contact with the pedal stopper (2) when the rear position of the pedal (1) is stepped on fully.







When using power port

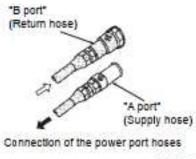
- 1. Connect the supply hydraulic hose to the "A port" of the power port outlet and the return hydraulic hose to the "B port".
- 2. Set the lever (2) to the ON position, and compressed oil is supplied.

Keep the lever (2) depressed and set the lock lever (1) to the lock position to supply compressed oil continuously.

Compressed oil is supplied through the power port now. Start and stop power port operation with the control valve of the hydraulic device (actuator).

NOTICE

The engine may fail to start if the lever (2) is set to the ON position. Be sure to set the lever to the OFF position when the power port is not used.



W9-CZ1854G



W9-C218668

TOWING

A CAUTION

- It is very dangerous if the wire rope is disentangled during towing. Do not stand between the towing machine and the towed machine.
- Use wire ropes and shackles for towing that are strong enough for the towing weight.
- The machine is provided with a pulling hook at the back of the lower frame to pull light objects. Never pull the machine itself or other heavy objects using this pulling hook.

Towing the machine or heavy objects

Apply a wire rope to the rear frame and pull the machine by another machine if it enters a muddy place and cannot escape from it by itself.

Never use the pulling hook for light objects to pull the machine itself.

- Start the engine.
- Pull the machine at the low speed. Do not use the travel speed change-over pedal.
- Move the travel lever in the travel direction slowly when towing starts.

NOTICE

Put a patch at the corner in contact with the wire rope to prevent the wire rope from being damaged.

NOTICE

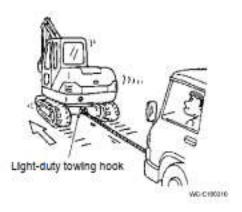
When the engine is defective and does not start, the crawler shoes do not rotate and pulling is disabled.

Pulling light objects

Apply a wire rope to the pulling hook at the back of the lower frame using a shackle.

NOTICE

- The maximum pulling load should be 500 kg or less.
- Do not pull diagonally.



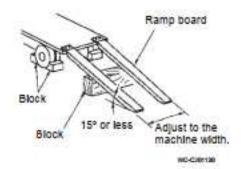
TRANSPORT

Observe the loading and unloading methods and the anchoring method for transportation as well as the laws and regulations concerned when transporting the machine.

Loading and Unloading the Machine

A WARNING

- Carry out operation on a flat and firm ground.
- Carry out loading or unloading at the low speed without using the travel speed changeover pedal. Reduce the engine revolution.
- Be sure to use ramp boards or loading platform for loading and unloading. Never use the attachment to load or unload the machine. It is very dangerous.
- Use wide, long and thick enough ramp board that ensures safe loading and unloading.
- Remove mud from the crawlers and grease, oil, water and other adhered matters from the ramp boards to prevent slipping.
- Never change the direction on the ramp boards. It is very dangerous. Move down from the ramp boards once and change the direction.
- The center of gravity moves quickly at the border of the truck and the ramp boards.
 Travel the machine slowly.
- Warm up the machine sufficiently before loading or unloading it in cold seasons.
- Apply the brake of the truck securely. Apply blocks to the tires to fix the tires.
- Adjust the center line of the machine to the center line of the truck. Adjust the ramps boards to the crawler width.
- The angle of the ramp boards should be 15° or less.
- Load the machine from the front if it has an attachment.
 Load it from the rear if no attachment is mounted.
- Adjust the machine to the ramp board direction, raise the blade and travel the machine slowly with care not to hit the attachment against the truck.
- Load the machine properly in the designated position on the truck.

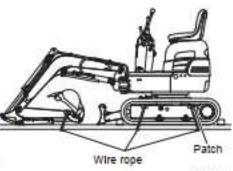


Fixation at Transport

A WARNING

If the machine falls down during transportation, it can cause personal injury or death. Fix the machine firmly on the platform of the truck with wheel blocks and wire ropes.

- Lower the blade onto the platform of the truck.
- Fold the arm and bucket fully. Lower the attachment onto a wooden block, etc.
- Stop the engine and pull out the key from the engine key switch.
- Apply stopper blocks to the front and rear positions of the crawlers.
- Apply wires to the crawler frame and bucket and fasten them to the platform of the truck.



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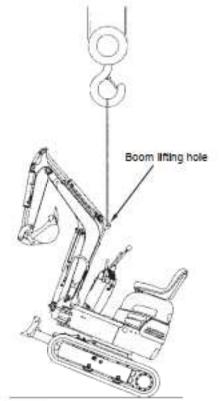
NOTICE

If wire ropes are applied to the rubber shoes directly when fixing the machine, the rubber shoes may be damaged. Put patches on the front and rear positions of the crawler frame and fix with the wire ropes.

LIFTING THE MACHINE

A CAUTION

- Always lift the machine on a flat and firm ground.
- Never lift the machine loaded with any personnel.
- Make sure the lifting cables and other lifting devices are strong enough to support the machine.
- Do not perform crane operation including slinging work unless you are not qualified.
- 1. Set the blade at the rear position.
- 2. Raise the blade to the highest position.
- Raise the boom to the highest position and fold the arm and bucket fully.
- Make the boom straight if it has swung to the right or left.
- Fasten wire ropes to the lifting holes at the back of the boom using the shackle.
- 6. Stop the engine and get off the machine.
- Fasten the wire ropes to the lifting holes at both ends of the blade using shackles.
- Lift the machine slowly until it is lifted slightly apart from the ground, stop lifting once, check the machine balance, and lift the machine to the intended height.



WB-C210570

Proper maintenance is needed to maintain the machine performances for long and prevent damages and troubles in advance.

This section describes the proper maintenance procedures of this machine. Carry out maintenance safely and properly in accordance with the instructions described below.

PERIODIC REPLACEMENT OF THE IMPORTANT PARTS

Replace the following parts, which are related to the safety and a fire, periodically.

These parts are subject to aged deterioration and wear, and it is hard to judge the service life by means of appearance inspection. Replace them periodically even though they have no apparent defects, in particular.

Туре	Parts to be replaced periodically	Qty	Replacement interval		
	Fuel tank - Water separator	1			
	Water separator - Fuel pump	1			
	Fuel pump - Fuel filter	1			
Fuel hose	Fuel filter - Inlet of injection nozzle	1	Every 2 years		
	Return of injection nozzle - Fuel filter	1			
	Fuel filter - Fuel tank	1			
	Radiator hose (upper)	1			
Coolant hose	Radiator hose (lower)	1	Every 2 years		
	Radiator - Sub tank	1			
	Hydraulic pump - Control valve	2			
	C/V - Boom cylinder	4			
	C/V - Arm cylinder	4			
Libration (for books	C/V - Bucket cylinder	4	F		
Hydraulic hose	C/V - Boom swing cylinder	4	Every 2 years		
	C/V - Blade cylinder	4			
	C/V - Swing motor	2			
	C/V - Travel motor	8			

Repair or replace these parts immediately if some abnormalities or defects are found in them even before the replacement interval.

Also check the fuel hoses, cooling water hoses and hydraulic hoses in daily check, monthly check and yearly check.

MAINTENANCE INTERVALS

Periodic maintenance is most important to operate the machine safely and demonstrate its performances fully.

Take special care when using the machine under severe condition.

Δ: Check. O: Replace.

	Maintenance	Maintenance				Main	tenance	interval			
	point	work	Daily	50h	150h	250h	500h	1000h	1500h	2000h	Irregular
	Attachment										
0	Boom swing										
Greasing	Blade	Grease	See th	e LUBR	ICATE	THE G	REASE	section	for deta	ails.	
9	Swing bearing										
	Ring gear										
Bucket	Bucket tooth	Replace		Δ							0
Buc	Bucket	Replace		Δ							0
vier	Rubber shoe	Check wear & deterioration	Δ								0
Crawler	Shoe tension	Check and adjust									Δ
ear		Check oil leak	Δ								
Reduction gear	Travel reduction gear	Check oil qty & refill					Δ				
Redux		Change oil			O First time			0			

	Maintenance	Maintenance				Mainte	nance i	nterval			
	point	work	Daily	50h	150h	250h	500h	1000h	1500h	2000h	Irregular
		Check oil qty & refill	Δ								
	Hydraulic oil tank	Drain water		Δ							
stem	tank	Change hydraulic oil. Clean the tank						0			
Hydraulic system	Suction strainer	Clean						Δ			
Hydr	Return filter	Replace cartridge		O First time			0				
	Hydraulic devices	Check oil leak	Δ								
	Hydraulic equipment	Check oil leak	Δ								
mel	Engine oil	Check oil qty & refill	Δ								
Lubrication system		Change		O First time		0					
Lubric	Oil filter	Replace		O First time		0					
	Fuel tank	Check oil qty & refill	Δ								
	ruei tank	Drain water				Δ					
Fuel system	Water	Check	Δ								
Fuels	separator	Clean Replace element					Δ				0
	Fuel filter	Replace					0				
	Fuel hose	Change								0	

	Maintenance	Maintenance											
	point	work	Daily	50h	150h	250h	500h	1000h	1500h	2000h	Irregula		
	Sub tank	Check coolant qty & refill	Δ										
525	Radiator	Clean						Δ					
ystem	reductor	Change coolant						0					
Cooling system	Radiator fins Oil cooler fins	Check & clean				Δ							
	Fan belt	Adjust tension		Δ First time		Δ							
		Check cracks	Δ								0		
tem	Air cleaner	Check dust indicator	Δ										
Intake system		Check element & clean				Δ							
Inta		Replace element					0						
	Governor lever	Check & adjust	Δ			Δ							
	Intake valve & exhaust valve head	Adjust clearance						•					
Engine	Fuel injection system	Check, clean & check functioning							•				
E	Crank case breather	Check							•				
	Coolant path	Clean								•			
	Intake valve & exhaust valve seat	Lap								•			
	Fuse	Replace									0		
ystem	Fusible link	Replace									0		
Electric system	Battery	Check battery liquid qty & refill		Δ									
	52	Clean terminals						Δ					
olt t	ightening	Retightening									Δ		

: Contact our dealer.

RECOMMENDED LUBRICATION TABLE

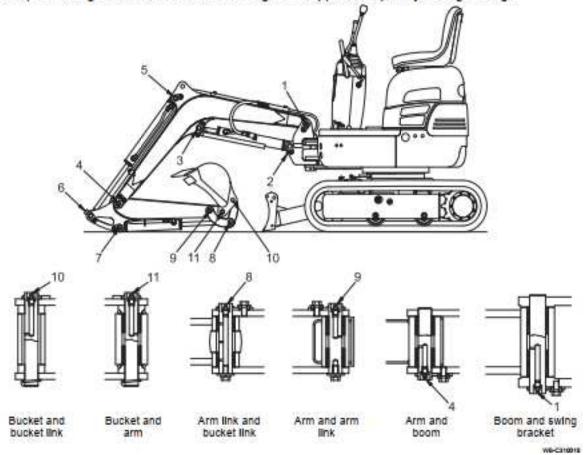
Lubrication	Oil type	Grade	Temp. & application (°C)	Qty required	
points	Outspe	Orace	-30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40	city required	
Engine oil pan	Engine oil	API-CD	* SAE10W-30 SAE15W-40	H: 1.8 L L: 1.2 L	
Hydraulic oil tank	Hydraulic oil	Abrasion- resistant	* ISO-VG48	System: 16 L Tank level: 8.2 L	
Travel reduction gear	Engine oil	API-CD	SAE30	0.33 L	
Fuel tank	Diesel fuel	-		8.8 L	
Cooling system	Coolant	-	Long-life coolant (LLC) added	Total qty: 2.2 L For engine only: 0.6 L	
Greasing	Grease	_	Lithium grease EP2	Proper qty	

[•] The oil with the * marks is used for the machine before shipment.

LUBRICATE THE GREASE

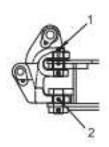
Attachment

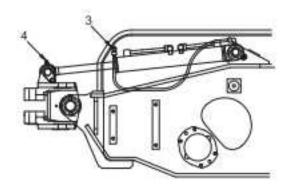
- 1. Lower the attachment in the greasing posture onto the ground and stop the engine.
- 2. Fill grease using a grease gun through all grease nipples.
- 3. Wipe off old grease that oozes out of the grease nipples completely after greasing.



No.	Name	Qty	Greasing interval							
INO.	Name		Daily	50h	100h	250h	500h	1000h	2000h	
1	Boom foot pin	1		0						
2	Boom cylinder foot pin	1		0						
3	Boom cylinder rod pin	1		0						
4	Arm foot pin	1		0						
5	Arm cylinder foot pin	1		0						
6	Arm cylinder rod pin	1		0						
7	Bucket cylinder foot pin	1		0						
8	Bucket cylinder rod pin	1		0						
9	Arm link pin	1		0						
10	Bucket link pin	1		0						
11	Bucket pin	1		0						

Boom Swing

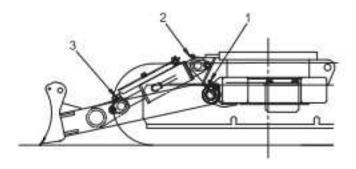




Wii-C310000

No.	Name	Qty	Greasing interval								
NO.	Name		Daily	50h	100h	250h	500h	1000h	2000h		
1	Boom swing vertical shaft (upper)	1	13	0				8			
2	Boom swing vertical shaft (lower)	1		0							
3	Swing cylinder foot pin	1		0			J		<u> </u>		
4	Swing cylinder rod pin	1		0			Ĩ.				

Blade



W9-C310000

No.	Name	Qty	Greasing interval							
140.	ivalije		Daily	50h	100h	250h	500h	1000h	2000h	
1	Blade foot pin	2		0						
2	Blade cylinder rod pin	1		0						
3	Blade cylinder foot pin	1		0						

NOTICE

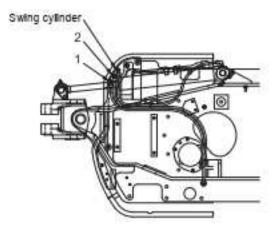
- Lubricate the machine everyday until its operation time reaches 100 hours, if it is a new machine.
- Carry out greasing, regardless of the greasing interval, if abnormal noises are generated from a greasing point.
- Be sure to grease the pins around the bucket before starting in-water digging.

Swing Bearing

- 1. Lower the bucket onto the ground and stop the engine.
- Supply grease with a grease gun by 3 to 5 strokes through the grease nipple (1) for the turning bearing of the concentrated piping on the front of the machine.
- Fill grease every time the upper structure is swung by approximately 90 degrees until it swings by 360 degrees.

Ring Gear

- 1. Lower the bucket onto the ground and stop the engine.
- Fill three to five strokes of grease using a grease gun into the grease nipple (2) on the front of the machine.
- Fill grease every time the upper structure is swung by approximately 90 degrees until it swings by 360 degrees.



WB-C210040

No.	Name	25.	Greasing interval							
	Ivame	Qty	Daily	50h	100h	250h	500h	1000h	2000h	
1	Swing bearing	210		0						
2	Ring gear	-1		0						

A WARNING

If you carry out greasing while the machine is swinging, you may be caught by it. Do not swing the machine when greasing.

NOTICE

If greasing is carried out in the same position, grease is not spread all over the swing bearing. Be sure to swing the machine by approximately 90 degrees and grease the bearing at different points.

MAINTENANCE OF BUCKET

Change the Bucket

A CAUTION

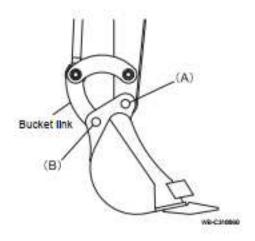
- When the pin is driven with a hammer, fragments may scatter, resulting in injury. Put on protective goggles, protective cap and protective gloves in work.
- Never insert your finger into the pin holes when adjusting the pin holes.

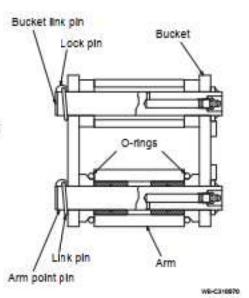
Remove the bucket

- Place the back of the bucket completely on the ground.
- Remove the ring pin from the portion (A). Remove the arm point pin.
- Remove the ring pin from the portion (B). Remove the bucket link pin.
- Raise the arm slowly.
 Then remove the arm and the bucket.

Install the bucket

- Clean the pin holes in the arm and bucket link and the removed pins. Apply grease to the holes and pins.
- Replace the O-rings if they are damaged or worn.
 Attach new O-rings to the bosses of the bucket temporarily.
- Lower the arm slowly, fit the pin holes in the arm and bucket, and drive the arm point pin.
- 4. Attach the ring pin to lock the arm point pin.
- Raise the boom to move the bucket apart from the ground and make it free.
- Extend or contract the bucket cylinder to adjust the pin hole in the bucket link and bucket. Drive the bucket link pin into the holes.
- Attach the ring pin to lock the bucket link pin.
- Move the O-rings to the proper grooves.
- 9. Grease the arm point pin and bucket link pin.





9VX3 ENG

3-9

MAINTENANCE

CRAWLER SHOE

Rubber Shoe Maintenance

Rubber shoe should be repaired or exchanged if goes into any of the conditions described below.

If it is necessary to repair or replace it, contact your IHI dealer.

Height of Lug

The rubber shoe can be used even if it is worn, however, if it is excessively worn, the rubber shoe is likely to be slippery and more travel force is required. If the remaining lug is less than 5 mm high, exchange it with brand-new one.

Exposure of Steel Cord

If steel cord is exposed because of weary rubber or damage, exchange it with brand-new one.

Cutting of Steel Cord

When cutting of steel cord is detected, exchange it immediately. If you leave it as it is, the rubber shoes can be cut off without expectation, which causes a serious accident.

Crack of Covering Rubber

If a crack is 30 mm or more long and 8 mm or more deep, repair the covering rubber immediately. If steel cord appears even if a crack is small, repair it immediately. Otherwise, water may come into a crack, which rusts steel cords and cuts off the rubber shoe.

Dislocation of the iron core

Exchange the rubber shoe with a new one if one or more iron cores are dislocated from it. Iron core Exposure of steel cord cut by 1/2 or more need to be replaced.

Damages of rubber shoe

MAINTENANCE

Inspection of crawler shoe

The conditions of wear and sag of the crawler shoes differ with the conditions of the work sites. If the slack crawler shoes are used, they may be slipped off. Inspect and adjust their tension as the necessity requires.

Inspection

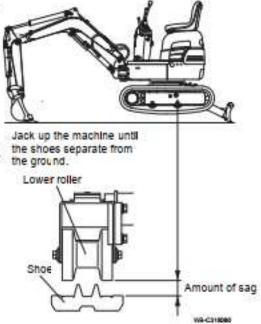
- Raise the machine using the attachment and blade until the crawler shoes become apart from the ground. Support the crawler frame securely with blocks, etc.
- Measure the clearance between the tread of the lower roller near the center and the tread of the crawler shoe.

The tension is proper if the clearance is as shown below.

10 to 20 mm (Rubber shoe)

A WARNING

The machine needs to be raised to inspect the shoe tension. If the machine drops by mistake during inspection, a serious injury may result. Be very careful when the machine is raised.



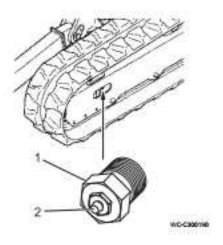
Adjustment of Crawler Shoe

Tension the crawler shoe

- Fill grease through the grease nipple (2) of the check valve (1) until the crawler shoe is tensioned properly.
- Rotate the crawler forward and backward and check tension. Re-adjust it if necessary.

NOTICE

- Adjust the right and left crawler shoes evenly.
- If the shoes are not tensioned properly, the cylinders may be defective. Ask IHI's service dealer for repair services.



Loosen the crawler shoe

- 1. Remove dirt and soil from around the front idlers.
- Loosen the check valve until grease is discharged (by a maximum of one turn) little by little. Do not loosen it when grease is discharged.
- Rotate the crawler shoe forward and backward slightly if grease is hardly discharged.
- Tighten the check valve when the crawler shoes are tensioned properly.

Tightening torque: 59 to 69 N-m (6 to 7 kgf-m)

NOTICE

Be careful not to over-tighten the check valve.

Rotate the crawler shoe forward and backward and check tension. Re-adjust it if necessary.

A WARNING

- When the crawler shoe is tensioned intensely, the internal pressure in the grease cylinder is very high.
 - Grease may spout out or the check valve may spring out, causing a serious accident.
- To relief the pressure, loosen the check valve gradually. Do not loosen it when grease is discharged. (It should be loosened by a maximum of one turn.)
- Grease may spout out at high pressure. Never loosen the grease nipple.
- Do not bring your face or hand close to the check valve during adjustment.

TRAVEL REDUCTION GEAR

Check Oil Level and Refilling

- Stop the engine so that the drain port is located at the lower position.
- 2. Place the container under the travel reduction gear.
- Remove the oil filler/level plug. The oil level is proper if the oil surface reaches the bottom of the plug hole.
- Pour oil through the oil filler/level port until the oil surface reaches the bottom of the level port, if oil is insufficient.
- 5. Clean the filler/level plug and attach them.

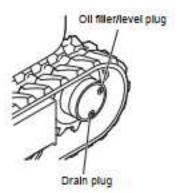


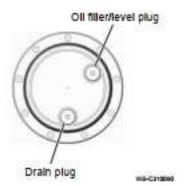
- Locate the drain port to the lower position and stop the engine.
- 2. Place the container under the drain port.
- 3. Remove the oil filler/level plug.
- 4. Remove the drain plug to discharge oil.
- Discharge oil completely. Then, clean the drain plug and attach it.
- 6. Fill oil until it flows out from the filler/level port.
- 7. Clean both plugs and attach them.

Specified oil	Qty
Engine oil API CD, SAE30	0.33 L

▲ CAUTION

The gear case and oil are hot immediately after stopping the engine. Wait until the temperature lowers.





HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Place the machine in a horizontal place, bring the blade in contact with the ground, retract the arm cylinder and bucket cylinder fully, and move down the boom to lower the bucket onto the ground when executing inspection and/or maintenance of the hydraulic system.

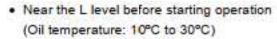
A CAUTION

- Oil is hot immediately after stopping the engine.
 Wait until the temperature lowers and start operation then.
- Hydraulic oil is compressed. If the filter cartridge is taken out in such a condition, oil spouts
 out, resulting in a dangerous accident. Be sure to stop the engine and lower the internal
 pressure.

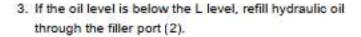
Hydraulic Oil Level and Refilling

- 1. Stop the engine.
- Check the oil level gauge (1). If the oil level is between H and L, it is proper.

The oil level differs with the oil temperature. The following shows the standard.

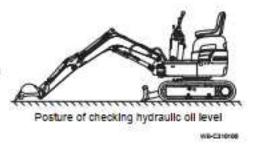


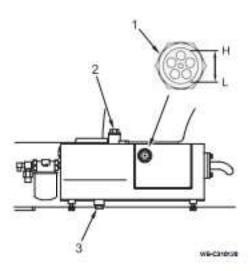
 Near the H level during operation (Oil temperature: 50°C to 80°C)



NOTICE

- Do not operate the machine if the oil level is below the "L" level.
- Loosen the drain plug and discharge excess oil if oil is filled over the "H" level.





Drain the Hydraulic Oil Tank

- Loosen the drain plug (3) under the hydraulic oil tank to discharge water and sediment into the container.
- Tighten the drain plug when clean hydraulic oil is only discharged.
- 3. Check the hydraulic oil level and refill oil if insufficient.

Replace Return Filter Cartridge

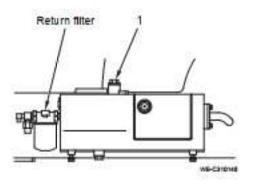
- Stop the engine.
- Loosen the oil filler plug (1) of the hydraulic oil tank to lower the internal pressure of the tank.
- Turn the filter cartridge (2) counterclockwise with the filter wrench.
- 4. Apply hydraulic oil thinly to the gasket (3) of a new cartridge and tighten it with the filter wrench. When the gasket is crushed and the top surface of the cartridge is brought into contact with the head (4), it is the limit of tightening.
- Start the engine and make sure that no oil leaks from the gasket of the cartridge.
- Bring the machine into the posture of checking the oil level and check the level.
 The oil level is proper if it is between H and L of the

level gauge (5). Refill hydraulic oil if insufficient.

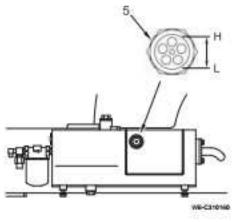
Extend all cylinders fully, attach the oil filler plug, and pressurize the tank.

NOTICE

When the breaker work is done, hydraulic oil is deteriorated more than normal digging works. Replace the filter cartridge every 100 hours.







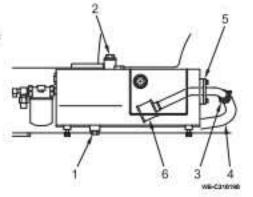


Posture of pressurtzing hydraulic oil tank

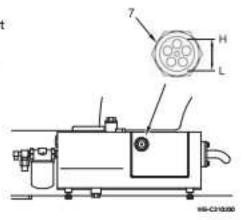
MAINTENANCE

Change the Hydraulic Oil and Clean the Strainer

- Swing the upper structure until the drain plug (1) of the hydraulic oil tank is in the center of the right and left crawlers.
- Posture of discharging hydraulic oil
- 2. Lower the boom to lower the bucket onto the ground.
- 3. Stop the engine.
- Remove the oil filler plug (2) of the hydraulic oil tank to discharge air from the tank.
- Place the container under the drain plug.
 Remove the drain plug to discharge oil.
 Tighten the drain plug after discharging oil.



- Loosen the hose clamp (3), disconnect the hose (4), and remove the strainer cover (5).
- 7. Clean the strainer (6) and attach it.
- 8. Attach the strainer cover, hose, and hose clamp.
- Refill the tank with hydraulic oil through the oil filler port up to the specified level.
 Make sure that the oil level is between H and L of the level gauge (7).



 Idle the engine for approximately two to three minutes at low speed. Bring the machine into the level checking posture and check the oil level. Refill hydraulic oil if insufficient.

MAINTENANCE

11. Pressurize the hydraulic oil tank.

Extend all cylinders fully.

Remove the oil filler plug to fill the tank with air.

Attach the plug then.

NOTICE

The service life of the hydraulic pump becomes shorter and serious damages may result, if the tank is not pressurized.

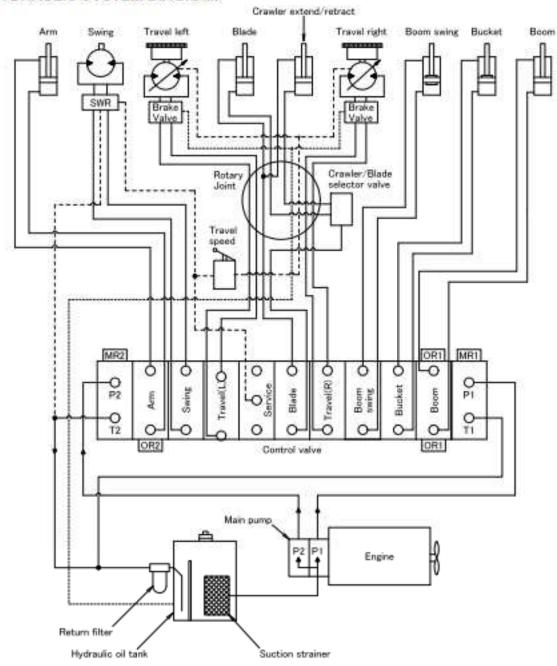
NOTICE

Breaker work is done in severer conditions than normal digging works and hydraulic oil is deteriorated earlier. If the machine is used with deteriorated hydraulic oil, the hydraulic devices and the whole hydraulic circuit may become defective. Change hydraulic oil and clean the strainer every 500 hours.



Posture of pressurizing hydraulic oil tank

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM DIAGRAM



Relief valve set pressure

Code	de Item Pressure				
Code	item	MPa	kgf/cm ²	psi	Pump flow rate (Max.): P1: 11.1 L/min
MR1	Main relief valve P1 Pump	16.2	165	2347	P2: 11.1 L/min
MR2	Main relief valve P2 Pump	16.2	165	2347	
OR1	Overload relief valve (Boom)	18.6	190	2702	
OR2	Overload relief valve (Arm)	18.6	190	2702	
SWR	Swing relief valve	6.9	70	996	

ENGINE OIL

Place the machine in a horizontal place, bring the blade in contact with the ground, retract the arm cylinder and bucket cylinder fully, and move down the boom to lower the bucket onto the ground when executing inspection and/or maintenance of the lubrication system.

A CAUTION

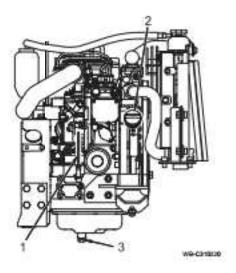
- Oil is hot immediately after stopping the engine.
 You may get burnt if you touch oil. Start work after oil has cooled down.
- Wipe off spilt oil completely. If it is left as is, it may cause a fire.

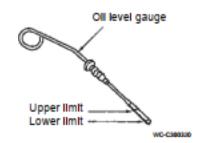
Check the Engine Oil Level and Refill

- 1. Stop the engine.
- Pull out the oil level gauge, clean it with cloth, insert it fully again, and pull it out slowly.
- The oil level is proper if it is between the marks of the upper and lower limits.
 - Refill the engine with engine oil through the oil filler port if the oil level is below the lower limit.
- Discharge excess oil through the drain port if the oil level is over the upper limit. Check the oil level again.

NOTICE

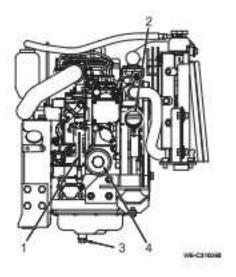
- Make the machine horizontal before checking the oil level.
- Check the oil level 10 minutes or more after stopping the engine, if the engine has started.
- Do not start the engine if the oil level exceeds the upper limit or below the lower limit.

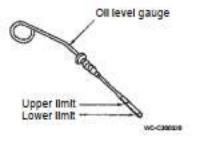




Replace the Engine Oil and Engine Oil Filter

- Stop the engine.
- Place the container just under the drain port of the engine.
- Clean the oil filler cap (2) and around it in order not to let in foreign matters. Remove the oil filler cap.
- Remove the drain plug (3) slowly so that oil will not splash on you. Discharge oil.
- Check waste oil. If you find a lot of metallic powder, foreign matters, etc., contact our service office.
- Turn the filter (4) counterclockwise to detach it using the filter wrench.
- Clean dust and foreign matters from the filter mounting surface.
- 8. Apply engine oil thinly onto the gasket of a new filter.
- Turn the filter to the right to mount it. Tighten it further by approximately 3/4 turn with the filter wrench after the gasket contacts with the seal surface.
- 10. Attach the drain plug.
- Fill the engine with engine oil until the oil level becomes between the upper limit and lower limit of the level gauge (1).
- 12. Idle the engine for several minutes, stop the engine, and check the level of engine oil 10 to 20 minutes later. Refill the engine with engine oil up to the specified level if the oil level is low.





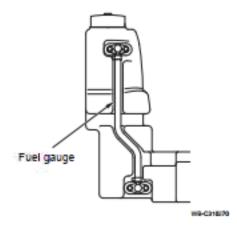
FUEL SYSTEM

Check Fuel Quantity and Refilling

 Turn the engine key switch key to the ON position and check the quantity of remaining fuel on the fuel gauge.

Fuel tank capacity: 8.8 L

- Refill the tank with fuel through the filler port (1) if remaining fuel is insufficient.
 Clean the strainer (2) of the filler port (1) if it is dirty.
- Tighten the cap after refilling. Lock it with the engine key.



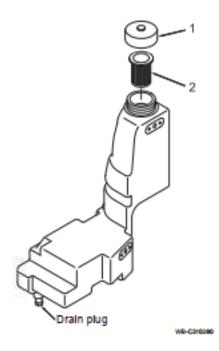
A CAUTION

- If fuel overflows or spills, it may cause a fire.
 Wipe off spilt fuel completely.
- If the strainer is dismounted and fuel is refilled, the engine may become defective. Do not dismount it.
- Do not bring fire close to the engine.
- If any other fuel than light oil, bad influences are caused upon the engine, which may be incapable of demonstrating its functions and performances sufficiently. In addition, using such fuel may cause engine failures or accidents. Never use any other fuel than light oil.

Defects caused by using any other fuel than light oil is exempted from warranty.

Discharging Water from Fuel Tank

- Open the drain plug at the bottom of the fuel tank to discharge water and sediment before starting work.
- 2. Close the drain plug when clean fuel comes out.



Check and Clean Water Separator and Replace Element

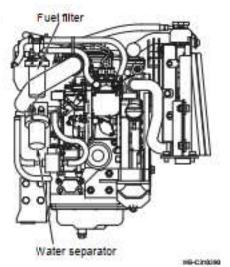
If the float (1) of the water separator is floating, water reaches the bottom of the float.

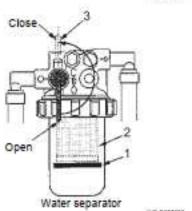
Discharge water if the float reaches the element (2).

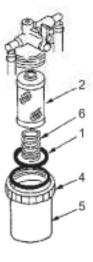
- 1. Stop the engine.
- 2. Close the fuel cock (3).
- Turn the retainer ring (4) counterclockwise and remove the cup (5).
- 4. Take out the float and spring (6) from inside of the cup.
- Discharge water and sediment from inside of the cup into the container.
- 6. Put the float and spring in the cup.
- Turn the retainer ring clockwise and attach the cup. Tighten the ring by hand.
- 8. Open the fuel cock as before.
- Discharge air from the water separator.
- 10. Make sure that no fuel leaks.

Cleaning and Replacing

- 1. Stop the engine.
- Close the fuel cock.
- Turn the retainer ring counterclockwise and detach the cup.
- 4. Take out the float and spring from inside of the cup.
- Discharge water and sediment from inside of the cup into the container.
- Clean the element and inside of the cup completely with fresh fuel. Replace the element if it is flawed or damaged.
- 7. Attach the element and O-ring to the body.
- 8. Put the float and spring in the cup.
- Turn the retainer ring clockwise and attach the cup. Tighten the ring by hand.
- 10. Open the fuel cock as before.
- 11. Discharge air from the water separator.
- 12. Make sure that no fuel leaks.







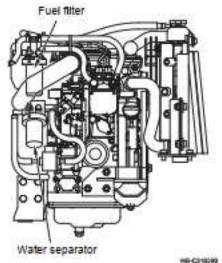
WC-C30039

A CAUTION

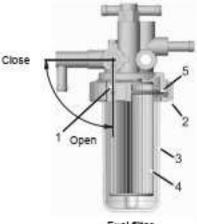
- Fuel is hot immediately after stopping the engine. Carry out the work after the fuel temperature has become lower.
- Do not bring fire close to the engine.
- Wipe off spilt fuel completely. If it is left as is, it may cause a fire.

Replace Filter Element

- Stop the engine.
- 2. Turn the fuel cock (1) to the "Close" position to cut off fuel.
 - Fuel may flow out if the cup (3) is removed without turning the fuel cock to the "Close" position.
- 3. Turn the retainer ring (2) counterclockwise and remove the cup. Pull down the element (4) to detach it.
- 4. Clean the inside of the cup.
- 5. Attach a new element and O-ring (5) to the body. Replace the O-ring if it is damaged.
- Turn the retainer ring clockwise and attach the cup. Tighten the ring by hand.
- 7. Open the fuel cock as before.
- Discharge air when the fuel filter is replaced.
- 9. Make sure that no fuel leaks.







Fuel filter

How To Discharge Air

Discharge air after maintenance of the fuel filter or water separator is carried out or the fuel tank is emptied.

- 1. Fill the fuel tank full with fuel.
- 2. Turn the engine key switch to the ON position and keep it at that position for approximately 20 seconds.
- 3. The automatic air discharging device discharges air automatically. The engine can be started.

CAUTION

- Fuel is hot immediately after stopping the engine. Carry out the work after the fuel temperature has become lower.
- Do not bring fire close to the engine.
- Wipe off spilt fuel completely. If it is left as is, it may cause a fire.

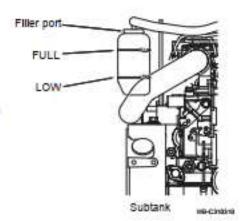
COOLING SYSTEM

Check the Coolant Level and Refill

A CAUTION

Do not open the radiator cap normally. Check coolant in the subtank when the engine is cool.

- Open the engine cover and check if the coolant level in the subtank is between the LOW and FULL levels.
 Refill the subtank with coolant through the filler port up to the FULL level.
 - Close the cap firmly after refilling.
- If the subtank is empty, stop the engine, check for water leak, check the water level in the radiator, and refill the radiator and subtank with coolant.



Change the Coolant

A WARNING

- Coolant is not immediately after stopping the engine. If coolant is discharged immediately, you may get burnt. Change coolant after the engine cools down.
- Do not remove the cap when the coolant is hot. Hot water may spout out.
 Rotate the cap slowly to relief the pressure after the coolant temperature lowers.

1. Coolant

- A new machine is filled with coolant containing long life coolant (LLC). This coolant has effects of preventing freezing and corrosion.
 - It effects for long and may be used all over the year.
- Change coolant every two years (in autumn every two years).
- Change coolant at the shorter interval of 6 months or 250 hours if LLC is not used.
- It is recommended that LLC should be used when changing coolant.

A WARNING

- The long life coolant is toxic.
- Vomit it immediately and consult a doctor, if you swallow it by mistake.
- Wash your eyes completely with water immediately and consult a doctor, if it is put into the eyes.
- Use a container with an antifreeze mark to store long life coolant. Cap the container and store it in a place not accessible by children.

2. Mixing ratio of coolant

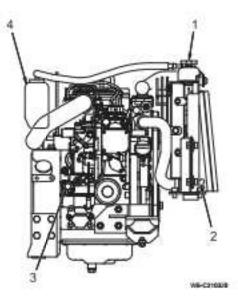
The freezing temperature of coolant depends on the ratio of mixing with water and LLC. Decide the mixing ratio so that the freezing temperature becomes 5°C lower than the expected lowest temperature.

Use "city water" to mix with LLC.

Lowest temperature		-15°C or more	-25°C	-35°C
1	Mixing ratio	30%	41%	49%
Mixing	LLC qty	0.7 L	0.9 L	1.1 L
Qty	Water qty	1.5 L	1.3 L	1.1 L
Total	coolant qty: 2.2 L	Engine only Radiator, et Subtank:	: 0.6 L c.: 1.2 L 0.4 L	

3. Procedures of changing coolant

- Lower the attachment onto the ground and stop the engine.
- Remove the radiator cap (1).
- Open the drain cock (2) below the radiator to discharge water.
 - Then, remove the drain plug (3) of the cylinder block to discharge water.
- Close the drain cock and drain plug, pour city water and cleaning solution, and idle the engine for approximately ten minutes.
- Stop the engine and open the drain cock and drain plug to discharge water.
- Close the drain cock and drain plug after discharging water. Pour city water then.
- 7) Open the drain cock and drain plug. Idle the engine at the low idling revolution and clean the cooling water system with water for ten minutes while adjusting the pouring quantity so that the radiator is always full of water.
- Close the drain cock and drain plug and fill coolant containing mixed city water and LLC up to the water filler port of the radiator.
- Run the engine at the low idling for five minutes and stop it then.
 - Internal air is discharged and the water level lowers. Refill coolant close to the water filler port and tighten the cap.
- Discharge coolant from the subtank (4), clean the inside of the tank, fill the tank with coolant up to the FULL mark.



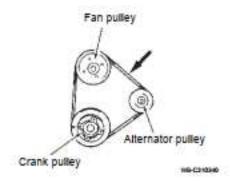
Check the Fan Belt

A WARNING

- The engine is not immediately after stopping it. You may get burnt if you touch the
 engine. Wait until each part cools down.
- · Stop the engine and keep the key of the starter switch in safe.

NOTICE

- If belt tension is excessive, the bearings and belt will be damaged earlier.
- Replace the bolt if it has elongated and the adjustment margin is lost.
- Run the engine at high speed for 30 minutes after the belt is replaced. Check and adjust belt tension then.

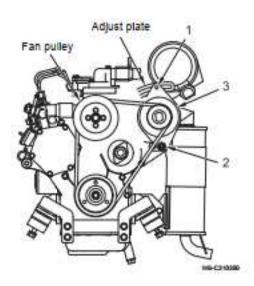


1. Check

- Push a point in the middle of the fan pulley and generator at approximately 98 N (10 kg). The belt tension is proper if the belt slacks by approximately 10 mm.
- Replace the belt if the belt has cracks.

2. Adjustment

- 1) Loosen the bolt (1) and nut (2).
- Turn the adjust bolt (3) to move the generator (3) so that the belt slackens by approximately 10 mm.
- Tighten the bolt and nut.
- Replace the bolt if it has elongated and the adjustment margin is lost.



Inspect and Clean Radiator Fins and Oil Cooler Fins

A CAUTION

Be sure to put on protective goggles when handling compressed air or high-pressure water in inspection of the engine. Otherwise, your eyes may be hurt by dust, scattered matters, compressed air, high-pressure water or steam.

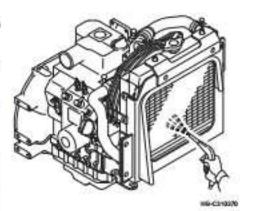
 Blow out dust with compressed air (at 0.2 MPa or less) from the fins.

Be careful not to damage the fins with compressed air.

Clean the fins with neutral detergent and city water if a lot of dust adheres to the fins.

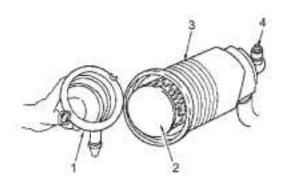
NOTICE

Use high-pressure water and compressed air at as low pressure (0.2 MPa) as possible. Do not use a wire brush to clean the fins. A wire brush may damage the fins.



INTAKE AIR SYSTEM

Inspect and Clean Air Cleaner Element





NC-C30019

- 1. Stop the engine.
- Remove the cover (1) and take out the element (2).
- Clean the inside of the cover and the body
 (3).
- Take the element holder (4) out of the dust pan and clean it.
- Blow dry compressed air "at 0.68 MPa (7 kgf/cm²)" from inside the element to the filter up and down along the furrows. Keep a certain distance from the nozzle top to the filter (approx. 50 cm).
- Insert a lamp (incandescent lamp) into the element and turn it on to check damages of the filter.
 - Do not use the filter if it has damages, pinholes, especially thin parts or damaged seal.
- 7. Attach the element after cleaning.
- Attach the dust pan with the arrow mark (û)
 on it upward and fix it with the clamp.

NOTICE

- Replace the element with a new one, regardless of the replacement interval, if it is dirty with lamp soot, soot or oil.
- Do not pat, hit or drop the element.

Replace Air Cleaner Element

Disassemble the air cleaner in the same manner as inspection and cleaning procedures and replace the element with a new one.

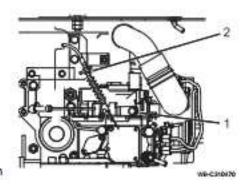
A CAUTION

- Be sure to stop the engine when carrying out maintenance of the air cleaner.
 If it is carried out while the engine is running, dust is sucked and the engine may be damaged.
- Put on protective goggles when cleaning the element using compressed air.
 Otherwise, dust may be put in your eyes, which is dangerous.

ENGINE

Check and Adjust Governor Lever

- Check that the governor lever (1) makes firm contact with the high idle stop and the low idle speed limit screw when the engine speed control is in the full speed or low idle speed positions.
- If the governor lever does not make proper contact with the high idle stop or the low idle speed limit screw, adjust the throttle cable or linkage as necessary.



NOTICE

Do not change the no-load minimum or maximum revolution with the limit bolt. Otherwise, the safety and/or performance of the machine may be deteriorated or the service life of the machine may be reduced.

Adjust Intake Valve and Exhaust Valve Clearance

Proper adjustment is necessary to maintain the correct timing for opening and closing the valves. Improper adjustment will cause the engine to run noisily, resulting in poor engine performance and engine damage.

Check of Fuel Injection System

Proper operation of the fuel injectors is required to obtain the optimum injection pattern for full engine performance. The EPA/ARB requires that you have the injectors inspected, cleaned and tested every 1500 hours.

Inspect Crankcase Breather System

The crankcase breather system must work properly so that the engine meets the exhaust gas regulations for long. Inquire our service office about the necessary works.

Clean Coolant System

Rust and scale adhere to the coolant system naturally in long-term use, resulting in bad cooling. As a result, the cooling efficiency is reduced, the engine oil is not cooled sufficiently and oil is deteriorated earlier.

Lap Intake and Exhaust Valves

Adjustment is necessary to maintain proper contact of the valves and seats.

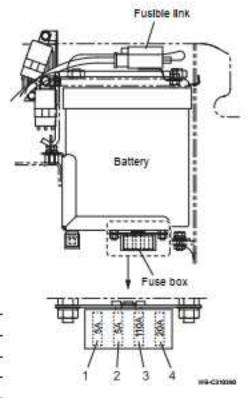
ELECTRIC SYSTEM

Replace the Fuses

NOTICE

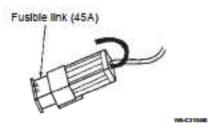
- Be sure to set the engine key switch to the OFF position before replacing the fuses.
- Do not use wires, silver foils, etc. instead of fuses
 - If such materials are used, the wires may overheat and burn, resulting in a fire.
- Set the engine key switch key to the OFF position.
- 2. Take off the fuse cover.
- Replace the blown fuse with a new fuse of the same capacity.

	Fuse capacity	Circuit name
1	5 A	Warning lamps (three), hour meter
2	5 A	Fuel pump
3	10 A	Boom light, horn
4	20 A	Engine stop



Replace the Fusible Link

If power is not turned on even though the engine key switch is set to the ON position, the fusible link between the battery and the engine key switch circuit may have blown out. Remove and check the fusible link. Replace it with a new fusible link, if it has blown out.



Check the Battery

A WARNING

- The battery produces inflammable hydrogen gas. It ignites or explodes if fire is nearby.
 Never bring fire close to the battery or strike a spark near it.
- Never place any tool, metallic object or inflammable matter on or near the battery.
 The battery may possibly ignite and explode if it short-circuits.
- The battery liquid (diluted sulfuric acid) may cause loss of eyesight or burning. If it is
 put into the eyes or on the skin or clothes, wash with much water immediately and
 consult a doctor.
- Be sure to put on protective goggles when handing the battery.
- Be sure to confirm that the battery handles and handle mounting positions are firm before moving up the battery.

Refill battery liquid

Inspect the electrolyte level look at the indicator or sight level line on the battery.

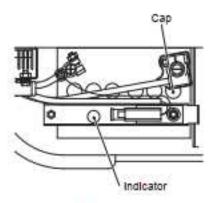
Maintain the level to the upper level of the sight level line with distilled water when required.

Level of electrolyte must never fall below tops of plates.

Clean the battery terminals

NOTICE

- Be sure to keep the engine stopping during work.
- Be careful during work not to short-circuit the positive and negative terminals of the battery with a tool, etc.
- Disconnect the battery cable from the negative terminal first. Connect it to the negative terminal last.
- Tighten the terminals firmly.
- Clean the terminals if they are dirty or corroded. (Pour warm water onto the terminals and wipe them if they are corroded and white powder sticks on them.)
- Detach the terminals and polish them with a wire brush or sandpaper if they are corroded remarkably.
- Apply grease, etc. thinly to the terminals after cleaning and tightening.



Indication of Indicator

The standard recharging conditions and liquid levels are as shown below.

Good



(Blue)

Needs recharging



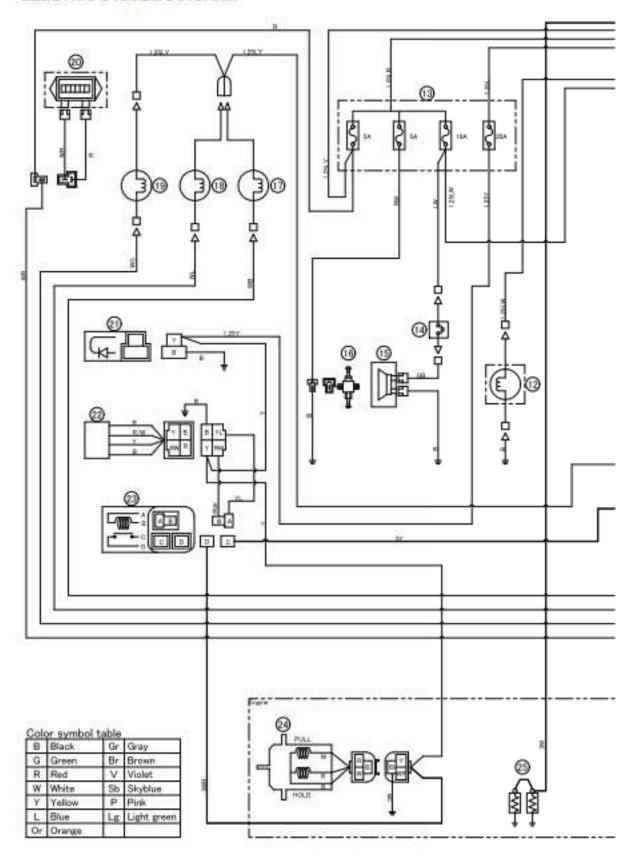
(White)

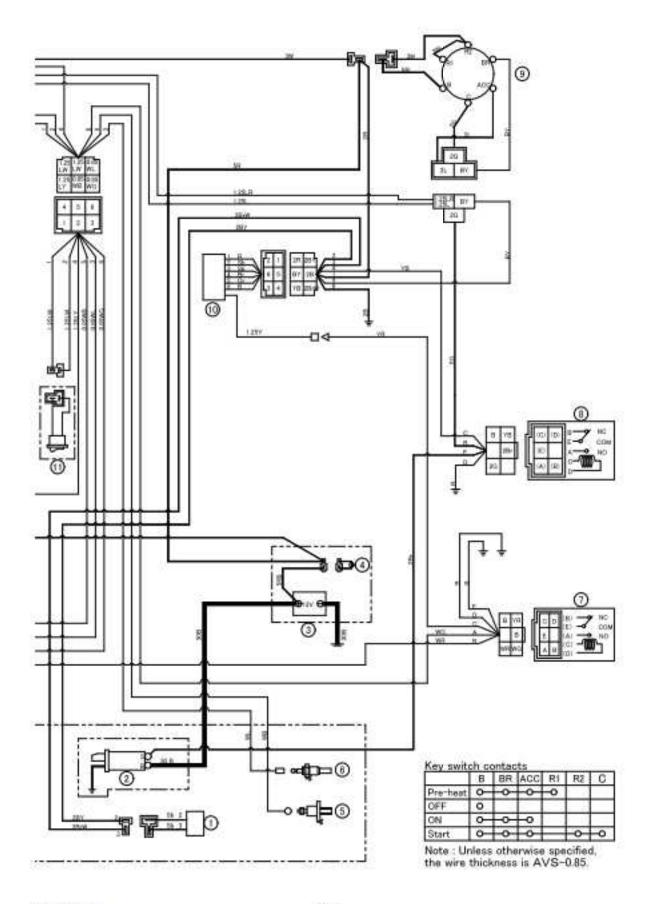
Liquid Insufficient



(Red)

ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIAGRAM





MAINTENANCE

No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Generator	14	Horn switch
2	Starting motor	15	Horn
3	Battery	16	Fuel pump
4	Fusible link (45A)	17	Engine oil pressure warning lamp
5	Engine oil pressure switch	18	Coolant temperature warning lamp
6	Water temperature sensor	19	Battery charge warning lamp
7	Charge lamp / Hour meter relay	20	Hour meter
8	Safety relay	21	Diode
9	Engine key switch	22	Timer (1sec)
10	Current limiter	23	Engine stop relay
11	Light switch	24	Engine stop solenoid
12	Boom light	25	Glow plug
13	Fuse box		

TIGHTEN BOLTS

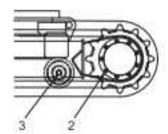
Retighten loose bolts in daily inspection. Be sure to make up for lacking bolts. Check and retighten the bolts after the first 50 hours if a new machine is used.

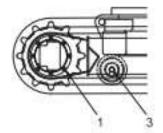
Special Tightening Positions

The bolts shown below bear large forces. Tighten them at the torque shown in the table below. When replacing the bolts in these positions, apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the threads and the bearing surfaces of the nuts and tighten at the specified torque.

As for the travel reduction gear and drive sprocket of the travel unit, apply thread lock cement to the threads of the bolts

1. Travel unit

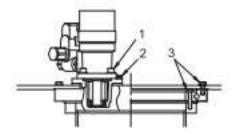




W9-Cinorio

No.	TOTAL CONTRACT TO THE PARTY OF	Wrench size	Tightening torque		
NO.	Tightening position	Bolt size	(mm)	(N·m)	(kgf·m)
1	Travel reduction gear	M10	Bar 8	54	5.5
2	Drive sprocket	M10	Bar 8	54	5.5
3	Lower roller	M12	19	97	9.9

2. Swing unit

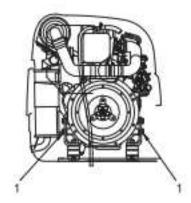


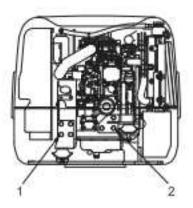
Wil-Caronago

lo. Tightening position	Bolt size	Wrench size	Tightening torque	
rightening position	Boit Size	Boit Size (mm)	(N·m)	(kgf·m)
Swing motor	M12	Bar 10	97	9.9
Swing gear case	M10 P1.25	17	55	5.6
Swing bearing	M10	17	59	6.0
	Swing gear case	Swing motor M12 Swing gear case M10 P1.25	Swing motor M12 Bar 10	Swing motor M12 Bar 10 97 Swing gear case M10 P1.25 17 55

MAINTENANCE

3. Engine





Wil-Circle Inc

No.	No. Tightening position Bolt	Bolt size	Wrench size	Tightening torque	
INO.	rightening position	DOIL SIZE	(mm)	(N·m)	(kgf·m)
1	Engine bracket (rear)	M10	17	69	7.0
2	Engine bracket (front)	M10	17	69	7.0

Standard Tightening Torques

Tighten the bolts and nuts other than those in the special tightening positions at the torques shown below.

	10T H	leat-treat	ment bolts		
Bolt	Wrench size	Coarse thread		Fine thread	
size	(mm)	(N-m)	(kgf·m)	(N·m)	(kgf·m)
M8	13	23	2.3	25	2.5
M10	17	47	4.8	50	5.1
M12	19	83	8.5	91	9.3
M14	22	134	13.7	135	13.8
M16	24	208	21.2	221	22.5
M20	30	411	41.9	452	46.1
M24	36	715	72.9	811	82.7

High-pressu	re hose ur	nion nut
Hose size (inch)	(N-m)	(kgf·m)
1/4*	25	2.5
3/8"	49	5.0
1/2"	59	6.0
3/4"	118	12.0
1"	137	14.0
1-1/4"	167	17.0

HANDLING IN COLD WEATHER

At low temperature, the engine hardly starts and coolant is subject to freezing. Make preparation for cold weather as shown below.

Fuel

In cold weather, fuel may be frozen and it may be difficult to start the engine.

Use fuel (light oil) appropriate for the temperature.

Coolant

LLC has been mixed in coolant of this machine before shipment A mark at a temperature on the label stuck behind the radiator shows the freezing point.

If the lowest temperature may be lower than it, refer to the antifreeze mixing ratio table and adjust the concentration. Exchange the coolant every two years (in autumn every two years).

Lubricant and grease

Exchange engine oil and hydraulic oil with proper oil having viscosity appropriate for the outer temperature. Refer to RECOMMENDED LUBRICATION TABLE for the specified viscosity.

Battery

In cold weather, larger discharge current flows when starting the engine and the battery performance is also reduced. If the battery is almost discharged, battery liquid may be frozen. Recharge the battery almost fully and keep it warm to start the engine free from troubles next morning.

Precautions when finishing work

- Remove mud and water from the cylinder rod to prevent the cylinder rod seals from being damaged.
- Put plates on dry and firm ground and park the machine on them in order to prevent the crawlers from freezing.
- Discharge water from the fuel tank to prevent fuel from freezing.



CFC40M38

LONG TERM STORAGE

NOTICE

To protect the cylinder rod from rust, set the machine to the posture for long term storage.

Before storage

- · Clean the machine.
- Carry out lubrication, greasing and oil changing of each part.
- Apply grease to the exposed piston rods of the hydraulic cylinders.
- Dismount the batteries, recharge them fully, and store them. Alternatively, disconnect the negative terminals.

During storage

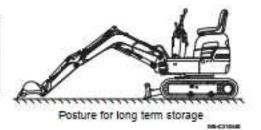
A CAUTION

If you have to operate the machine indoors to prevent rust, keep good ventilation and gas poisoning by window or entrance.

- Warm up the machine and carry out traveling, swinging and a series of operations, including attachment operations, once every month to prevent rust and keep lubrication condition while the machine is not used for long.
- Wipe off grease from the hydraulic cylinder before moving the attachment.

After storage

- Check the lubrication and greasing conditions of each part and the coolant level.
- Wipe off grease from the hydraulic cylinder.
- Start the engine, warm it up, and carry out traveling, swinging and attachment operations several times repeatedly to run in each part.



SPEED AND GRADEABILITY

Swing speed	8.7 min ⁻¹
Travel speed (low/high)	1.7/3.5 km/h
Gradeability	58% (30 degrees)

ENGINE

Engine model	Yanmar 2TNV70-PIK		
Туре	Vertical in-line, water cooled, 4-cycle diesel engine (Ball-type swirl chambe		
No. of cyl bore x stroke	2-70 mm x 74 mm		
Displacement	0.569 L		
Max. rated output	7.3 kW / 2400 min ⁻¹		

MASS

Machine mass	890 kg		
Base machinery mass	700 kg		
Average ground bearing pressure	26 kPa		

CAPACITY

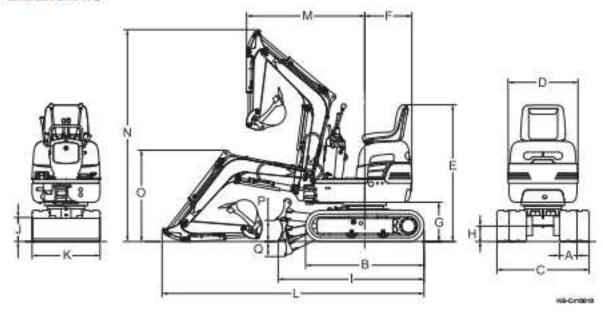
Fuel		8.5 L	
Hydraulic oil	Tank level	8.2 L	
	Total quantity	14.0 L	
Engine oil	Maximum	1.8 L	
	Minimum	1.2 L	
Coolant	Engine only	0.6 L	
	Total quantity	2.2 L	

BUCKET

©: Standard, O: compatible, x: not compatible

Bucket capacity (m ³)	Bucket width (mm)		No. of	Mass	Compatibility			
Heaped Side Side cutter cutter	teeth		Standard arm	Long arm	Applied	d specification		
0.022	370	350	4	17.6	0	×3	Standard	General digging
0.011	220	200	2	13.0	0	0	OPT	Ditching
0.017	320	300	3	16.0	0	0	OPT	(Long arm)

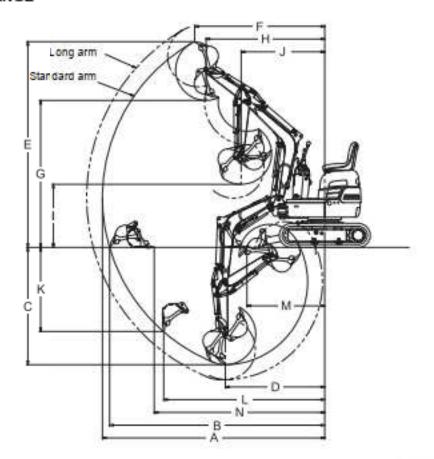
DIMENSIONS



Unit: mm

Symbol		Dimension	
Α	Crawler shoe width	180	
В	Crawler overall lengt	1220	
	Crawler overall width	Contracted crawlers	700
С		Extended crawlers	950
D	Upper structure over	720	
E	Overall height of bas	1405	
F	Swing radius	485	
G	Clearance height und	405	
н	Ground clearance of	160	
- 1	Undercarriage overa	1500	
J	Blade height	245	
K	Blade width	700	
	Overall length	Blade forward	2700
L		Blade backward	2980
М	Minimum radius of e	1220	
N	Overall height at min and attachment	2180	
0	Attachment height in	940	
Р	Blade maximum liftin	220	
Q	Blade maximum lowe	155	

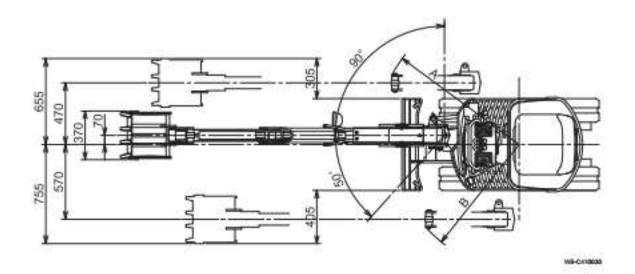
WORKING RANGE



		40.	Unit: r
Symbol	Name	Standard arm	Long arm
Α	Maximum reach	2980	3190
В	Maximum reach at ground reference plane	2880	3100
С	Maximum digging depth	1570	1770
D	Reach at maximum digging depth	1330	1340
Е	Maximum height of cutting edge	2755	2950
F	Reach at maximum height	1740	1820
G	Maximum dumping height	1970	2150
Н	Reach at maximum dumping height	1590	1700
1	Minimum dumping height	850	660
J	Reach at minimum dumping height	1120	1220
K	Maximum vertical digging depth	1175	1400
L	Reach at maximum vertical digging depth	2160	2140
M	Minimum level floor radius	1040	990
N	Maximum level floor radius	2290	2500

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WORKING RANGE FOR OFFSET DIGGING



Unit: mm

Minimum radius of equipment at maximum front offset	Α	Left boom swing	1105
	В	Right boom swing	950

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9VX3

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